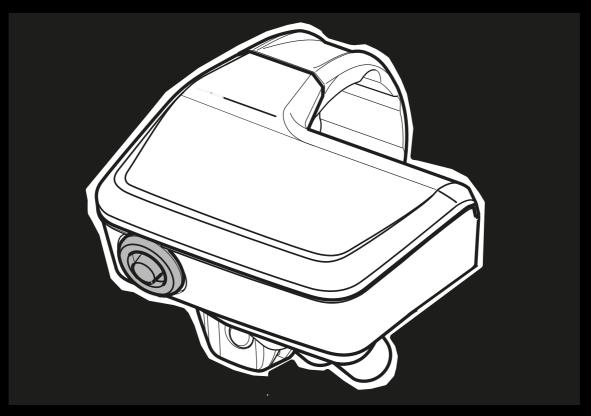
TRANSLATION OF THE ORIGINAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT

READ CAREFULLY BEFORE USE

KEEP SAFE TO CONSULT AT A LATER DATE





Operating instructions Shimano SC-EM800

Sonic AM SL 1, Sonic AM SL 2, Sonic EN SL 1, Sonic EN SL 2

21-21-1003, 21-21-1004, 21-21-1063, 21-21-1069, 21-21-1070

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Thank you for your trust!

BULLS *pedelecs* are premium quality bicycles. You have made an excellent choice. Your specialist dealer will provide you with guidance and instruction and assemble your product. Your specialist dealer will also be happy to assist you in the future, whether you require maintenance, conversion or repair.

Notice

These *operating instructions* are not a substitute for personal instruction by the supplying specialist dealer.

These operating instructions are an integral part of the pedelec. Therefore, if it is re-sold at a later time, they must be handed over to the subsequent owner.

You are receiving these operating instructions with your new pedelec. Please take time to become familiar with your new pedelec. Use the tips and suggestions in the operating instructions. They will help you to enjoy your pedelec for a long time to come. We hope you have fun and wish you well on all of your rides!

The operating instructions are mainly designed for the rider and the operator. They aim to ensure that non-professionals can use the pedelec safely.

Sections are also designed especially for the specialist dealer. These sections aim to ensure that specialist dealers complete initial assembly and maintenance safely and reliably. The sections for specialist dealers are highlighted in grey and marked with a spanner symbol.

Download the operating instructions onto your phone at the following link, so that you can use them when you are out riding:



www.bulls.de/service/downloads.

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1 About these operating instructions

1.1 Manufacturer

The pedelec manufacturer is:

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Subject to internal changes

The information contained in these *operating instructions* are the approved technical specifications at the time of printing. Any significant changes are included in a new published version of the *operating instructions*. You will find any modifications to these *operating instructions* at:

www.bulls.de/service/downloads.

1.2 Language

The *original operating instructions* are written in German. A translation is invalid without the *original operating instructions*.

1.3 Laws, standards and directives

The *operating instructions* comply with the essential requirements specified in:

- · Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU
- ISO 20607:2018 Safety of machinery

 Operating instructions

 General drafting principles
- EN 15194:2018 Cycles Electrically power assisted cycles – pedelec bicycles
- EN 11243:2016, Cycles Luggage carriers for bicycles – Requirements and test methods
- EN ISO 17100:2016-05, Translation services Requirements for translation services.

1.4 For your information

Different markings are used in the operating instructions to make them easier to read.

1.4.1 Warnings

Warnings indicate hazardous situations and actions. You will find warnings in the *operating instructions*:

A DANGER

Will lead to serious or even fatal injuries if ignored. High-risk hazard.

WARNING

May lead to serious or even fatal injuries if ignored. Medium-risk hazard.



May lead to minor or moderate injuries if ignored. Low-risk hazard.

Notice

May lead to material damage if ignored.

1.4.2 Markups



Instructions for specialist dealers are highlighted in grey. They are indicated by a screwdriver symbol. Information for specialist dealers does not require non-professionals to take any action.

You will find stylised forms of typeface in the *operating instructions*:

Stylised form	Use
Italics	Glossary term
Underlined in blue	Link
Underlined in grey	Cross references
✓ Check marks	Requirements
► Triangle	Instruction for action with a specific sequence
1 Instruction for action	Several instructions for action in specified order
⇨	Result of the action
SPACED	Indicators on the display screen
•	Bulleted lists
Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment	Each type has a different kind of equipment. A note beneath the heading indicates components which can be used as an alternative.

Table 1: Markups

1.5 Nameplate

The nameplate is situated on the frame. You can see the exact position of the nameplate in Figure 2.

You will find thirteen pieces of information on the nameplate.

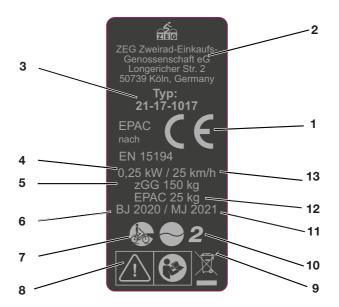


Figure 1: Example Nameplate

No.	Designation	Description
1	CE marking	The manufacturer uses the CE marking to declare that the pedelec complies with applicable requirements.
2	Manufacturer's contact details	You can contact the manufacturer at the address. You can find more information in Section $\underline{1}$.
3	Type number	All pedelec models have an eight-digit type number, which is used to specify the design model year, the type of pedelec and the version. You can find more information in Section $\underline{1}$.
4	Maximum continuous power	The maximum continuous power is the greatest possible power for the electric motor output shaft over 30 minutes.
5	Maximum permitted total weight	The maximum permitted total weight is the weight of the fully assembled pedelec with the rider and baggage.
6	Year of manufacture	The <i>year of manufacture</i> is the year in which the pedelec was manufactured. The production period is from August 2020 to July 2021.
7	Pedelec type	You can find more information in Section <u>3.2</u> .
8	Safety markings	You can find more information in Section <u>1.4</u> .
9	Disposal instructions	You can find more information in Section <u>10</u> .
10	Area of use	You can find more information in Section <u>3.2</u> .
11	Model year	The model year refers to the first production year that the series-manufactured pedelec was produced in the version concerned. The year of manufacture is different to the model year in some cases.
12	Weight of the ready-to-ride pedelec	The weight of the ready-to-ride pedelec is specified as a weight of 25 kg or above and refers to its weight at the time of purchase. You must add each additional accessory to the weight.
13	Shut-off speed	The speed that the pedelec reaches at the moment when the current has dropped to zero or to the no-load current value.

Table 2: Nameplate details

1.6 Type number and model

These operating instructions are an integral part of pedelecs with the type numbers:

Type no.	Model	Pedelec type
21-21-1003	Sonic ENS2 Carbon	Mountain bike
21-21-1004	Sonic ENS1 Carbon	Mountain bike
21-21-1063	Sonic AMSL Carbon	Mountain bike
21-21-1069	Sonic AMS2 Carbon	Mountain bike
21-21-1070	Sonic AMS1 Carbon	Mountain bike

Table 3: Type number, model and pedelec type

1.7 Identifying the operating instructions

The Identification number position is located on bottom left-hand side on each page. The identification number is composed of the document number, the version number and the release date.

Identification number MY21B05 - 12_1.0_21.10.2020

2 Safety

2.1 Residual risks

2.1.1 Risk of fire and explosion

2.1.1.1 Rechargeable battery

The safety electronics may fail if the batteries are damaged or faulty. The residual voltage can cause a short circuit. The battery may self-ignite and explode.

- ▶ Only use and charge the battery and accessories if they are in perfect condition.
- Never open or repair the battery.
- ▶ Batteries with external damage must be removed from service immediately.
- ▶ If a battery is dropped or struck, remove it from service and observe it for at least 24 hours.
- ► Faulty batteries are hazardous goods. Dispose of faulty batteries in the correct manner. Store battery in a dry place until disposal. Never store in the vicinity of flammable substances.

The battery is only protected from spray water. Penetration by water can cause a short circuit. The battery may self-ignite and explode.

- ▶ Never immerse the battery in water.
- ▶ Put battery out of service if you suspect water has penetrated it.

Temperatures over 60 °C can also cause liquid to leak from the battery and the battery will become damaged. The battery may self-ignite and explode.

- Protect the battery against heat.
- ▶ Never store next to hot objects.
- Never expose the battery to sustained direct sunlight.
- ► Avoid wide temperature fluctuations.

Chargers with excessive voltage damage batteries. This may result in fire or an explosion.

► Only use batteries approved for the pedelec. Clearly label the supplied charger.

2.1.1.2 Overheated charger

The charger heats up when charging the battery. In case of insufficient cooling, this can result in fire or burns to the hands.

- Never use charger on a highly flammable surface.
- ▶ Never cover the charger during charging.
- Never leave the battery unattended during charging.

2.1.1.3 Hot components

The brakes and the motor may become very hot during operation. There is a risk of burns or fire in case of contact.

- ► Never touch the brakes or the motor directly after a ride.
- Never place the pedelec on a flammable surface, such as grass or wood, directly after use.

2.1.2 Electric shock

2.1.2.1 Damage

Damaged chargers, cables and plug connectors increase the risk of electric shock.

Check the charger, cable and plug connector before each use. Never use a damaged charger.

2.1.2.2 Water penetration

If water penetrates into the charger, there is a risk of electric shock.

▶ Never charge the battery outdoors.

2.1.2.3 Bridging

Metal objects may interconnect the battery's electrical terminals. The battery may self-ignite and explode.

▶ Never insert paper clips, screws, coins, keys and other small parts into the battery.

2.1.3 Risk of a crash

2.1.3.1 Incorrect quick release setting

Excessively high clamping force will damage the quick release and cause it to lose its function. Insufficient clamping force will result in unfavourable transmission of force. This can cause components to break. This will cause a crash with injuries.

- ► Never fasten a quick release using a tool (e.g. hammer or pliers).
- ► Only use the clamping lever with the specified set clamping force.

2.1.3.2 Incorrect tightening torque

If a screw is fastened too tightly, it may break. If a screw is not fastened enough, it may loosen. This will cause a crash with injuries.

▶ Always observe the indicated torque on the screw or in the *operating instructions*.

2.1.4 Risk of amputation

The brake disc in disc brakes is so sharp that it can cause serious injuries to fingers if they are inserted into the brake disc openings.

► Always keep fingers well away from the rotating brake discs.

2.1.5 Key breaking off

If you leave a key inserted when riding or transporting the pedelec, it may break off or the locking system may open accidentally.

▶ Remove the key to the battery lock.

2.2 Toxic substances

2.2.1 Brake fluid

Brake fluid may leak out after an accident or due to material fatigue. Brake fluid can be fatal if swallowed or inhaled.

- ▶ Never dismantle the brake system.
- Avoid contact with skin.
- ▶ Do not inhale vapours.

2.2.2 Suspension oil

Suspension oil in the fork and the rear frame damper is toxic to the touch, irritates respiratory tracts and causes cancer, sterility and mutation in germ cells.

- ▶ Never dismantle the rear frame damper or the suspension fork.
- Avoid contact with skin.

2.2.3 Defective battery

Liquids and vapours may leak from damaged or faulty batteries. Excessively high temperatures may also cause liquids and vapours to leak from the battery. Such liquids and vapours can irritate the airways and cause burns.

- Never dismantle the battery.
- Avoid contact with skin.
- ▶ Do not inhale vapours.

2.3 Requirements for the rider

The rider must demonstrate adequate physical, motor and mental abilities to ride on public roads. A minimum age of 14 years is recommended.

2.4 Vulnerable groups

Keep batteries and charger away from children and people with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lacking in experience and knowledge.

If minors use the pedelec, a legal guardian must should provide them with comprehensive instructions.

2.5 Personal protective equipment

Wear a suitable cycling helmet, sturdy footwear and typical close-fitting clothing to provide protection.

2.6 Safety markings and safety instructions

The nameplate contains these safety markings and safety instructions:

Symbol	Explanation
<u> </u>	General warning
(3)	Adhere to the instructions for use

Table 4: Meaning of safety markings

Symbol	Explanation
	Read the instructions
	Separate collection of electrical and electronic devices
X	Separate collection of ordinary and rechargeable batteries
	Must not be thrown into fire (burning prohibited)
	It is forbidden to open any batteries
	Device of protection class II
	Only suitable for use indoors
-	Fuse (device fuse)
C€	EU conformity
	Recyclable material
max. 50°C	Protect from temperatures above 50 °C and direct sunlight

Table 5: Safety instructions

2.7 What to do in an emergency

2.7.1 Dangerous situation in road traffic

▶ In the event of any hazards or dangers in road traffic, apply the brakes on the pedelec until it comes to a halt. The brake acts as an emergency stop system in such cases.

2.7.2 Leaked brake fluid

- ► Remove those affected from the danger area to fresh air.
- ▶ Never leave those affected unattended.
- ► Immediately remove any clothing items contaminated with brake fluid.
- Never inhale vapours. Ensure sufficient ventilation.
- ► Wear gloves and safety gloves as protective equipment.
- ► Keep unprotected persons away.
- ► Take care with leaked brake fluid as it poses a slip hazard.
- ► Keep leaked brake fluid away from naked flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
- ► Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

After inhalation

► Take in fresh air. Immediately consult a doctor in case of any discomfort.

After skin contact

Wash affected skin with soap and water and rinse well. Remove contaminated clothing. Consult doctor in the event of pain or discomfort.

After contact with eyes

Rinse eyes under flowing water for at least ten minutes with the lids open; also rinse under lids. Immediately consult a doctor in case of any pain or discomfort.

After swallowing

- ► Rinse out mouth with water. Never induce vomiting. Risk of aspiration!
- ▶ If a person is lying on their back and vomiting, place them in the recovery position. Seek medical advice immediately.

Environmental protection measures

- ► Never allow brake fluid to flow into the sewage system, water courses or groundwater.
- Notify the relevant authorities if fluid penetrates the ground, water courses or the sewage system.
- Consult a doctor immediately in the event of any pain or discomfort caused by combustion gas or leaking fluids.

2.7.3 Battery vapours emitted

Vapours may be emitted if the battery is damaged or used improperly. The vapours may cause respiratory tract irritation.

- ► Get into fresh air.
- Consult doctor in the event of pain or discomfort.

After contact with eyes

► Carefully rinse eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Protect unaffected eye. Seek medical advice immediately.

After skin contact

- ▶ Remove any solid particles immediately.
- ▶ Rinse the affected area with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then dab the affected skin gently. Do not rub dry.
- ▶ Remove contaminated clothing immediately.
- ► Immediately consult a doctor if there is any redness, pain or discomfort.

2.7.4 Battery fire

The safety electronics may fail if the battery is damaged or faulty. The residual voltage can cause a short circuit. The battery may self-ignite and explode.

- 1 Keep your distance if the battery becomes deformed or starts to emit smoke.
- 2 If charging, remove the plug connector from the socket.
- 3 Contact the fire service immediately.
- Use Class fire extinguishers to put out the fire.
- Never extinguish damaged batteries with water or allow them to come into contact with water.

Inhaling vapours can cause intoxication.

- ► Stand on the side of the fire where the wind is blowing from.
- ▶ Use breathing apparatus if possible.

2.7.5 Leaked brake fluid

The brake system must be repaired immediately if brake fluid leaks out. Dispose of leaking brake fluid in an environmentally responsible way in accordance with statutory regulations.

Contact your specialist dealer.

2.7.6 Oil and lubricant leaks from the fork

Dispose of oils and lubricants which have leaked from the rear frame damper in an environmentally responsible way in compliance with statutory regulations.

► Contact your specialist dealer.

2.7.7 Oil and lubricant leaks from the rear frame damper

Dispose of oils and lubricants which have leaked from the rear frame damper in an environmentally responsible way in accordance with statutory regulations.

Contact your specialist dealer.

3 Overview



Figure 2: Pedelec viewed from right: BULLS Copperhead Evo AM3 used as example

1	Front wheel	10	Reflector
2	Fork	11	Pannier rack
3	Front wheel guard	12	Rear wheel guard
4	Handlebars	13	Kickstand
5	Stem	14	Rear wheel
6	Frame	15	Chain
7	Rear frame damper	16	Motor
8	Seat post	17	Pedal
9	Saddle	18	Battery and nameplate

3.1 Description

3.1.1 Wheel

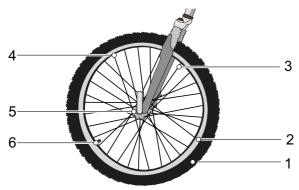


Figure 3: Visible wheel components

- 1 Tyres
- 2 Rim
- 3 Spoke
- 4 Spoke nipples
- 5 Hub
- 6 Valve

The wheel comprises the *wheel* itself, an inner tube with a valve and a tyre.

3.1.1.1 Valve

Each wheel has a valve. It is used to fill the *tyre* with air. There is a valve cap on each valve. The screw-on valve cap keeps out dust and dirt.

The pedelec either has a conventional Dunlop valve, a Presta valve or a Schrader valve.

3.1.2 Suspension

Both forks and suspension forks are fitted in this model series.

There is a rear frame damper below the seat post.

3.1.2.1 Suspension fork

A suspension fork is based either on a steel spring or air suspension.

Unlike a rigid fork, a suspension fork has two functions which improve floor contact and comfort: suspension and damping. The suspension prevents an impact, such as one caused by a stone lying in the pedelec's path, from being channelled directly into the rider's body via the fork. The impact is absorbed by the suspension system instead. This causes the suspension fork to compress.



Figure 4: Without suspension (1) and with suspension (2)

After compressing, the suspension fork returns to its original position. If there is a damper, it decelerates movement, preventing the suspension system from springing back in an uncontrolled manner and stopping the fork from vibrating up and down. Dampers which dampen compressive deflection movements, i.e. a compression load, are called compression dampers or compression dashpots.

Dampers which dampen rebound deflection movements, i.e. a rebound load, are called rebound dampers or dashpots.

The compression can be disabled in any suspension fork. A suspension fork will then behave like a rigid fork.

Negative deflection

Sag is the percentage of total deflection that is compressed by the rider's weight, including equipment (such as a backpack), their seating position and frame geometry. Sag is not caused by riding.

The pedelec rebounds at a controlled speed if it is optimally adjusted. The wheel stays in contact with the ground when passing over bumps (blue line).

The fork head, handlebars and rider broadly follow the terrain (green line) when riding over bumps. The suspension motion is predictable and controlled.



Figure 5: Optimum fork riding performance

When optimally adjusted, the fork counteracts deflection, stays higher in its deflection range and

helps the rider to maintain speed while riding on hilly parts of terrain.

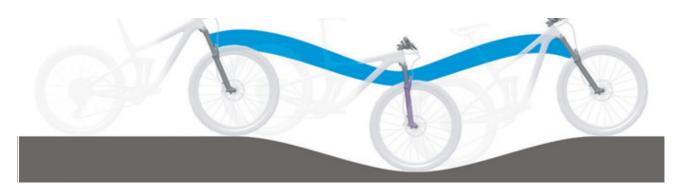


Figure 6: Optimum fork riding performance on hilly terrain

When optimally adjusted, the fork deflects quickly and unhindered when the bike hits bumps and absorbs a bump. Traction is retained (blue line).

The fork responds quickly to the bump. The headset and handlebars rise slightly when absorbing a bump (green line).

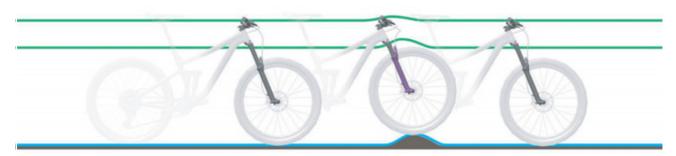


Figure 7: Optimum fork riding performance over bumps

Steel suspension fork

The stem and handlebars are fastened to the fork steerer. The wheel is fastened to the axle.

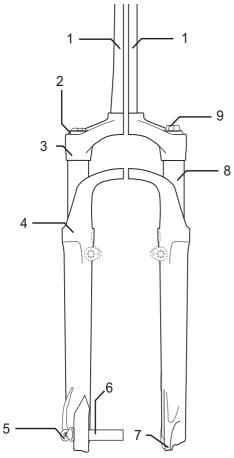


Figure 8: Suntour steel suspension fork as an example

- 1 Fork steerer
- 2 Sag setting wheel
- 3 Crown
- 4 Dust seal
- 5 Q-Loc
- 6 Axle
- 7 Fork end
- 8 Stanchion
- 9 Compression setting

Air suspension fork

The air suspension fork features an air suspension assembly (orange), a compression damper assembly (blue) and, in some cases, a rebound damper assembly (red).

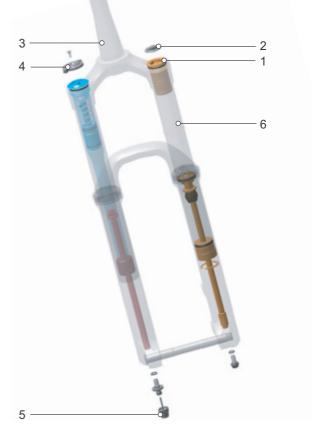


Figure 9: Example showing RockShox Lyrik Select fork

- 1 Air valve
- 2 Air valve cap
- 3 Fork steerer
- 4 Sag setting wheel
- 5 Rebound setting
- 6 Stanchion

3.1.2.2 Rear frame damper

The rear frame damper rebounds at a controlled speed if it is optimally adjusted. The rear wheel does not bounce off rough surfaces or the ground; it stays in contact with the ground instead (blue line).

The saddle is raised slightly if the bump is compensated and gently sinks downwards when

the suspension deflects as soon as the wheel touches the ground after the bump. The rear frame damper rebounds in a controlled way, so that the rider remains sitting in a horizontal position when the next bump is absorbed. The suspension motion is predictable and controlled and the rider is not thrown upwards or forwards (green line).

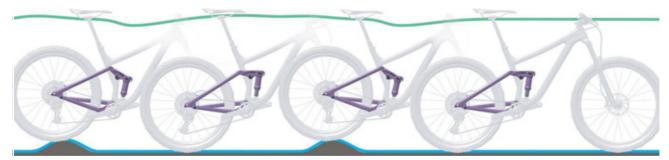


Figure 10: Optimum rear frame damper riding performance

When optimally adjusted, the rear frame damper counteracts deflection, stays higher in its

deflection range and helps the rider to maintain speed when riding on hilly parts of terrain.

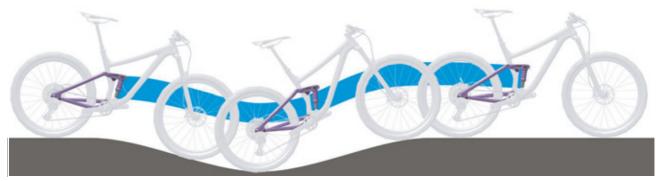


Figure 11: Optimum rear frame damper riding performance on hilly terrain

When optimally adjusted, the rear frame damper deflects quickly and unhindered when the bike hits bumps and absorbs a bump. Traction is retained (blue line).

The saddle rises slightly when absorbing a bump (green line).



Figure 12: Optimum rear frame damper riding performance over bumps

3.1.2.3 Suntour rear frame damper

The rear frame damper features air suspension, a compression damper and a rebound damper.

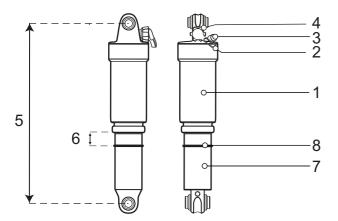


Figure 13: Example showing Suntour rear frame damper I

- 1 Air chamber
- 2 Rebound lever (rebound setting)
- 3 Air valve
- 4 Lockout lever
- 5 Total damper length
- 6 Negative deflection in the rear frame damper
- 7 Damper unit
- 8 O-ring

3.1.2.4 RockShox rear frame damper

The rear frame damper features air suspension, a compression damper and a rebound damper.



Figure 14: Monarch RL as an example

- 1 Threshold lever
- 2 Rebound damper adjuster
- 3 Air valve
- 4 O-ring
- 5 Scale

3.1.3 Brake system

Every pedelec has a hydraulic brake system. The brake fluid is in a closed hose system. If the rider pushes the brake lever, the brake fluid activates the brake on the wheel.

The pedelec features a disc brake on the front and rear wheels.

The mechanical brakes are used as an emergency stop system and bring the bicycle to a halt quickly and safely in the event of an emergency.

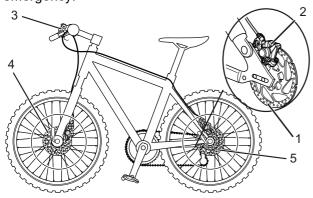


Figure 15: Brake system with disc brake - example

- 1 Brake disc
- 2 Brake calliper with brake linings
- 3 Handlebars with brake lever
- 4 Front wheel brake disc
- 5 Rear wheel brake disc

On a pedelec with a disc brake, the brake disc is screwed permanently to the wheel *hub*.

The *brake lever* is pushed to increase brake pressure. The brake fluid is used to transfer pressure through the brake cables to the cylinders in the brake calliper. The braking force is boosted by a speed reduction and applied to the brake linings. These apply the brake disc mechanically. If the *brake lever* is pushed, the brake linings are pressed against the brake disc and the wheel movement is decelerated until it comes to a stop.

3.1.4 Electric drive system

The pedelec is driven by muscle power applied to the chain drive. The force which is applied by pedalling in the direction of travel drives the front chain wheel. The chain transmits the force onto the rear chain wheel and then onto the rear wheel.

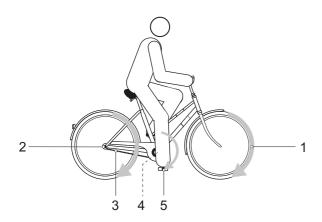


Figure 16: Diagram of mechanical drive system

- 1 Direction of travel
- 2 Chain
- 3 Rear chain wheel
- 4 Front chain wheel
- 5 Pedal

The pedelec also has an integrated electric drive system.

The electric drive system comprises the following components:

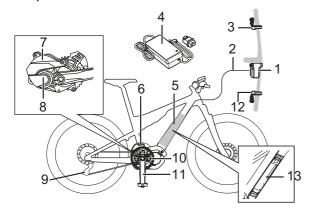


Figure 17: Diagram of electric drive system

- 1 On-board computer
- 2 Connecting cable
- 3 Assistance lever
- 4 Charger
- 5 Rechargeable battery
- 6 Chain tensioner

- 7 Drive unit cover
- 8 Drive unit
- 9 Rear derailleur (DI2)
- 10 Front chainring
- 11 Crank
- 12 Shifter
- 13 Rechargeable battery

3.1.4.1 Motor

As soon as the required muscle power from the rider pedalling passes a certain level, the motor is activated gently and assists the rider's pedalling motion. The motor force is determined by the set level of assistance.

The pedelec does not have a separate emergency stop or emergency shut-off button.

The motor switches off automatically as soon as the rider no longer pedals, the temperature is outside the permitted range, there is an overload or the shut-off speed of 25 km/h has been reached.

A push assist system can be activated. The speed can be a maximum of 6 km/h in this case.

The lithium ion battery has an internal electronic protection circuit, which is specifically designed for the charger and the pedelec. The battery temperature is monitored at all times. The battery is protected against deep discharge, overcharging, overheating and short circuit. In the event of a hazard, a protective circuit switches the battery off automatically. The battery also switches to sleep mode for self-protection when not used for a longer period.

If the remaining battery capacity is low, the following systems are gradually switched off in the following order:

- 1. Pedal assistance (assistance mode automatically switches to [ECO], then assistance switches off. Assistance switches to [ECO] earlier if a battery-powered light is connected)
- 2. Gear shift,
- 3. Light.

3.1.4.2 Rechargeable battery

The battery's service life can be extended if it is well maintained and, above all, stored at the correct temperatures. The charging capacity will decrease with age, even if the battery is maintained properly. If the operating time is severely shortened after charging, this is a sign that battery has reached the end of its useful life.

Transportation temperature	5 °C - 25 °C
Ideal transportation temperature	5 °C - 25 °C 10 °C - 15 °C 5 °C - 25 °C 10 °C - 15 °C
Storage temperature	5 °C - 25 °C
Ideal storage temperature	10 °C - 15 °C
Charging ambient temperature	10 °C - 30 °C

Table 6: Battery technical data

The pedelec has an integrated rechargeable battery:

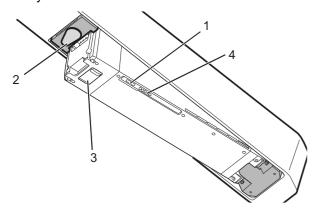


Figure 18: Details of integrated battery, starting at bottom

- 1 On-Off button (battery)
- 2 Key cover
- 3 Charging port cover
- 4 Operating status and battery level indicator

3.1.4.3 Charger

Each pedelec is supplied with a charger. Follow the charger operating instructions.

3.1.4.4 Riding light

When the riding light is activated, the *headlight* and the rear light are switched on together.

3.1.4.5 On-board computer

The SC-EM800 on-board computer controls the drive system with two operating elements, and displays the journey data.

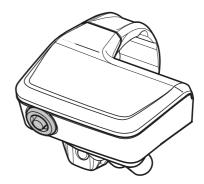


Figure 19: Overview of SC-EM800 on-board computer

3.1.4.6 Wireless connection

The on-board computer has a wireless communication function.

Digital wireless system with 2.4 GHz

The digital radio technology with a frequency of 2.4 GHz is identical to WLAN. In rare cases, communication may be affected by strong electromagnetic waves or interference in the following places or through the following equipment:

- TVs, PCs, radios, motors or in cars or trains
- Near level crossings and railway lines, in the vicinity of transmitting stations for TV signals or close to radar stations
- Other wireless computers or digitally controlled lighting

ANT connection

All information shown on the start screen can be sent to an external device that supports ANT connections. Data can be received at any time after switching on the drive system.

Bluetooth® LE connections

All information shown on the start screen can be sent to an external device that supports
Bluetooth® LE connections. E-TUBE PROJECT for smartphones/tablets can be used if a Bluetooth® LE connection can be established with a smartphone/tablet.

E-TUBE RIDE can be used to check journey data on a mobile phone connected via Bluetooth® LE.

3.1.4.7 Control panel

The electric drive system is operated using the onboard computer (II) and the left-hand control panel (I). The right-hand control panel (III) switches the gears.

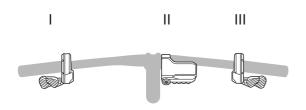


Figure 20: Overview of control panel position

Depending on the model, there can be three different control panels:

- · 3-switch control panel
- 2-switch control panel
- · MTB control panel

3-switch control panel

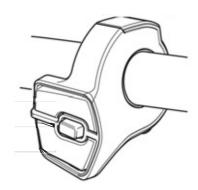


Figure 21: Overview of 3-switch control panel

2-switch control panel

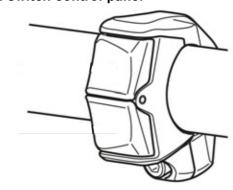


Figure 22: 2-switch control panel

MTB control panel

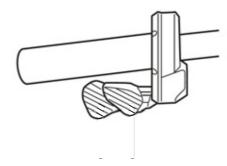


Figure 23: MTB control panel

3.2 Proper use

The pedelec must only be used in perfect, fully functional condition. National requirements may apply to the pedelec which the standard equipment may not meet. For riding on public roads, some special regulations apply in relation to the riding light, reflectors and other components.

The general laws and the regulations for the prevention of accidents and environmental protection in the respective country of use must be adhered to. All check lists and instructions for

actions in these *operating instructions* met. Approved accessories can be installed by specialist staff.

The rechargeable batteries are designed to supply power to the pedelec motor only and must not be used for other purposes.

Each pedelec is assigned a pedelec type, which determines its proper use, function and area of use.

City and trekking bicycles	Child's bicycles/ bicycles for young adults	Mountain bikes	Racing bicycle	Cargo bike	Folding bicycle
\$0	MXS S				A P
City and trekking bicycles are designed for daily, comfortable use. They are suitable for riding on public roads.	The legal guardians of minor riders must read and understand these operating instructions before commissioning. The contents of these operating instructions must be communicated to the riders in an agapapropriate manner. The cycles for children and young adults are suitable for riding on public roads. The size of the pedelec must be checked regularly for orthopaedic reasons. A check must be made at least every three months to make sure that the maximum permitted total weight is being observed.	Mountain bikes are designed for sporting use. The design characteristics include a short wheelbase, a sitting position with the rider inclined towards the front, and a brake requiring low actuation force. A mountain bike is a piece of sporting equipment. It requires an adaptation period and the rider must be physically fit. Use requires the appropriate training; in particular riding in bends and braking should be practised. The strain on the rider, in particular the hands and wrists, arms, shoulders, neck and back, is accordingly high. Inexperienced riders tend to brake excessively and lose control as a result.	A racing bicycle is designed for fast rides on roads and paths with a good, undamaged road surface. A racing bicycle is a piece of sporting equipment and not a means of transport. A racing bicycle is characterised by its lightweight structure and a design which is stripped to the minimum parts required for riding. The frame geometry and the layout of the operating elements are designed in such a way that the bicycle can be ridden at high speeds. The frame design requires practice to ensure the ride is able to ride slowly, apply the brakes and get on and off the bike safely. The sitting position is athletic. The strain on the rider, in particular the hands and wrists, arms, shoulders, neck and back, is accordingly high. The sitting position therefore requires physical fitness.	The cargo bike is suitable for daily transportation of loads on public roads. The transportation of loads requires skill and physical fitness in order to balance the additional weight. The very varied loading conditions and weight distributions require special practice and skill when braking and riding in bends. A longer period is required to adaptation to the length, width and turning circle. You need to be cautious when riding a cargo bike. You must pay attention to the traffic on public roads and the condition of the route accordingly.	The folding bicycle is suitable for use on public roads. A folding bicycle can be folded up and is thus suitable for space-saving transportation, for example on public transport or in a car. The folding function of the folding bicycle makes it necessary to use smaller wheels and longer brake cables and Bowden cables. Therefore, in case of an increased load, a reduction in riding stability and braking power, diminished comfort and reduced durability are to be expected.

Table 7: Proper use for each pedelec type

3.3 Improper use

Failure to adhere to the proper use poses a risk of personal injury and material damage. It is prohibited to use the pedelec in the following ways:

- when the electrical drive system has been manipulated
- · riding with a damaged or incomplete pedelec
- · riding over steps
- riding through deep water
- · charging with an incorrect charger

- · lending the pedelec to untrained riders
- · carrying other people
- · riding with excessive baggage
- riding with no hands
- · riding on ice and snow
- · improper servicing
- improper repair
- tough areas of use, such as professional competitions
- stunt riding or acrobatics.

City and trekking bicycles	Child's bicycles/ bicycles for young adults	Mountain bikes	Racing bicycle	Cargo bike	Folding bicycle
	XS S				
City and trekking bicycles are not sports bicycles. If used for sports, the rider can expect reduced riding stability and diminished comfort.	Cycles for children and young adults are not toys.	Mountain bikes must be retrofitted with lighting, a bell and other fittings as specified by national laws and regulations before they are used on public roads.	Racing bikes must be retrofitted with lighting, a bell and other fittings as specified by national laws and regula- tions before they are used on public roads.	A cargo bike is not a touring bicycle or a sports bicycle.	The folding bicycle is not a sports bicycle.

Table 8: Information on improper use

3.3.1 Maximum permitted total weight

The pedelec may only be loaded to its maximum permitted total weight (PTW). The maximum permitted total weight is the weight of the fully assembled pedelec with the rider and baggage.

Type no.	Model	PTW
21-21-1003	Sonic ENS2 Carbon	130 kg
21-21-1004	Sonic ENS1 Carbon	130 kg
21-21-1063	Sonic AMSL Carbon	130 kg
21-21-1069	Sonic AMS2 Carbon	130 kg
21-21-1070	Sonic AMS1 Carbon	130 kg

3.4 Technical data

3.4.1 Pedelec

5 °C - 25 °C
10 °C - 15 °C
10 °C - 30 °C
10 °C - 15 °C
5 °C - 35 °C
15 °C - 25 °C
0 °C - 40 °C
250 W (0.25 kW)
25 km/h

Table 9: Pedelec technical data

3.4.2 Emissions

A-weighted emission sound pressure level	< 70 dB(A)
Total vibration level for the hands and arms	< 2.5 m/s²
Highest effective value of weighted acceleration for the entire body	< 0.5 m/s²

Table 10: Emissions from the pedelec*

3.4.3 Tightening torque

Axle nut tightening torque	35 Nm - 40 Nm
Handlebars clamping screw maximum tightening torque*	5 Nm - 7 Nm

Table 11: Tightening torque values

3.4.4 Bicycle lighting

Voltage about	12 V		
Maximum output			
Front light	17.4 W		
Rear light	0.6 W		

Table 12: Bicycle lighting technical data

3.4.5 Shimano SC-EM800 on-board computer

Operating temperature	-5 °C - +40 °C		
Storage temperature	-10 °C - +40 °C		
Charging temperature	0 °C - +40 °C		
Protection rating (with USB cover closed)	IPx7 c)		
Weight about	0.06 kg		
USB port			
Max. charging current for USB port	1000 mA A)		
USB port charge voltage	5 V		
USB charging cable	1 270 016 360 в)		
Bluetooth® low energy®			
Frequency	2402-2480 MHz		
Transmitting capacity	< 10 mW		
Maximum high-frequency output	+4 dBm		
Firmware version	4.0.0 or later		
WLAN			
Frequency	2.4 GHz		

Table 13: Shimano SC-EM800 technical data

- A) At an ambient temperature < 25 °C
- B) Not included in the scope of delivery
- C) With the USB cover closed

3.4.6 Shimano STEPS EP8 motor

Maximum continuous power	250 W
Max. torque	70 Nm
Q factor	177 cm
Weight about	2.8 kg

Table 14: Technical data for SHIMANO STEPS EP8, DU-EP800 motor

^{*}The safety requirements as per Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU have been met. The pedelec and the charger can be used in residential areas without restriction.

^{*}if there is no other data on the component

3.4.7 Rechargeable battery3.4.7.1 BMZ SuperCore 750

Nominal voltage	20 Ah
Nominal capacity	750 Wh
Energy	3.79 kg
Weight	25 A
Protection class	5 A
Operating temperature	36 V
Storage temperature	42 V
Permitted charging temperature range	130 × 60 × 450

Table 15: Technical data for BMZ 750 battery

3.5 Description of controls and screens

3.5.1 Handlebars



Figure 24: Detailed view of pedelec from rider position, example

- 1 Rear brake lever
- 2 Front brake lever
- 3 Assistance lever
- 4 Fork lock on the suspension fork
- 5 On-board computer
- 6 Long shifter
- 7 Short shifter

3.5.2 On-board computer

The *on-board computer* has one button (1) and a display screen (2).

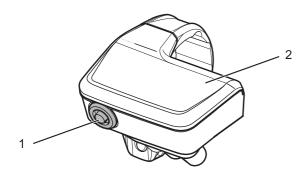


Figure 25: SC-EM800 on-board computer details

	Function		
WHEN RIDING			
BUTTON	Switch journey data displayed		
WHEN SETTING			
	Change display or confirm setting change		

After starting up, the main display screen appears. The *main display screen* has eight displays:

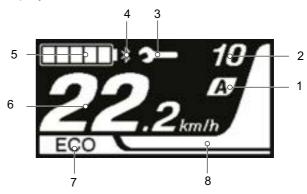


Figure 26: Overview of main display screen

- 1 Shift mode indicator
- 2 Gear level indicator
- 3 Maintenance indicator
- 4 Bluetooth® indicator
- 5 Battery level indicator
- 6 Journey information indicator
- 7 Current assistance mode indicator
- Assistance indicatorSystem message

3.5.2.1 Shift mode indicator

The rider has the choice between an automatic and manual gear shift. The selected gear shift type is shown on the display screen.

Indicator	
[A]	The electric drive system selects the ideal gear.
[M]	The rider selects the gears.

Table 16: Symbols of the gear recommendation function

3.5.2.2 Gear level indicator

The indicator is only visible if the electronic gear shift is used. It shows the currently selected gear.

3.5.2.3 Bluetooth indicator

Displayed when an external device is connected via Bluetooth® LE.

3.5.2.4 Maintenance indicator

Indicates that maintenance is required.

► Contact your specialist dealer.

3.5.2.5 Battery level indicator (on-board computer)

The battery level indicator (on-board computer) indicates the battery level as a percentage in a symbol.

Indicator	Function		
		100 - 81%	
		80 - 61%	
		60 - 41%	
		40 - 21%	
		20 - 1%	
		0%	

Table 17: Charge level of the battery

3.5.2.6 Journey information indicator

The displayed journey information can be switched. The current selected journey information is displayed on the display screen. A selection can be made in the system settings to determine whether the speed is displayed in kilometres per hour [km/h] or miles per hour [mph].

Indicator	Function
DST	Distance travelled since the last reset
ODO	Display of the total distance travelled (cannot be changed)
RANGE*	Estimated range of the available battery charge
TIME	Trip time
AVG	Average speed
MAX	Maximum achieved speed
CADENCE	Number of crank revolutions per minute
CLOCK	Clock

Table 18: Journey information

3.5.2.7 Current level of assistance indicator

The selected level of assistance differs depending on the pedelec. The higher the level of assistance, the more the drive system assists the rider when pedalling. The following levels of assistance are available.

Indicator	Details	
BOOST	High level of assistance.	
TRAIL	Normal assistance	
ECO	Low level of assistance	
OFF	Assistance off	
WALK	Activated push assist	

Table 19: Overview of levels of assistance

3.5.2.8 Assistance indicator

Shows the level of assistance. The display colors change depending on the current assistance mode.

3.5.3 Warnings and errors

The drive system monitors itself continuously and if an error is detected, it is indicated by a system message. The drive system distinguishes between two system messages: warnings and error messages.

3.5.3.1 Warnings



Figure 27: Example: Warning W010

Warnings are displayed between the selected gear and the battery level indicator on the screen. There are limitations to the system's operation, depending on the error type. There is a table of system messages and remedial measures in the Appendix section.

3.5.3.2 Error messages

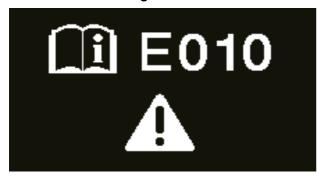


Figure 28: Example: Error message E010

Error messages are shown on the entire display. There are limitations to the drive system's operation, depending on the error type. There is a table of error messages and remedial measures in the Appendix section.

3.5.4 Control panel

The electric drive system is operated using the onboard computer (II) and the left-hand control panel (I). The right-hand control panel (III) switches the gears.

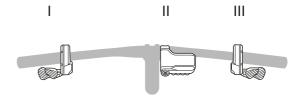


Figure 29: Overview of control panel position

Depending on the model, there can be three different control panels:

- · 3-switch control panel
- · 2-switch control panel
- · MTB control panel

3-switch control panel

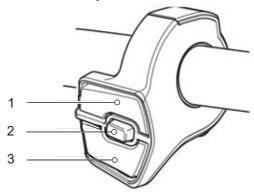


Figure 30: Overview of 3-switch control panel

- 1 Switch X
- 2 Switch A
- 3 Switch Y

2-switch control panel

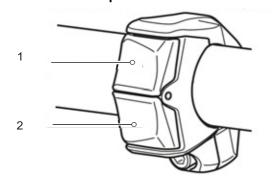


Figure 31: 2-switch control panel

- 1 Switch X
- 2 Switch Y

MTB control panel

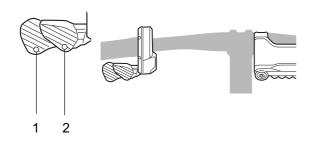


Figure 32: MTB control panel

- 1 Switch Y
- 2 Switch X

If there is no switch A on the control panel, the button on the on-board computer will assume these functions.

Control panel on the right side of the handlebars

Switch	Function		
WHEN RID	ING		
X	Changing up		
Υ	Change down		
A	Switch between automatic and manual gear shift		

Control panel on the left side of the handlebars

Switch	Function			
WHEN RID	ING			
X	Increase level of assistance			
Υ	Reduce level of assistance			
A	Switch journey data displayed			
WHEN ADJUSTING				
X	Move cursor or change the settings			
Υ	Move cursor or change the settings			
A	Change display or confirm setting change			

3.5.5 Battery level indicator (battery)

The five green LEDs on the battery level indicator (battery) show the charge level when the battery is switched on. Each LED represents 20% of the charge level.

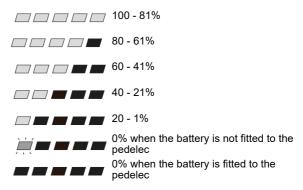


Table 20: Charge level of the battery

The charge level for the activated battery is also shown on the *display screen*. If the battery level falls below 5%, all the LEDs on the battery level indicator will go out. However, the battery level is still shown on the *display screen*.

System errors and warnings are displayed by various light patterns on the *battery level indicator*. There is a table of system messages in the Appendix.

3.6 Environmental requirements

You can be ride the pedelec within a temperature range between 5 °C and 35 °C. The electric drive system is limited in its performance outside this temperature range.

22 °C - 26 °C

Table 21: Optimum temperatures

During winter use, especially at temperatures below 0 °C, we recommend that you don't insert a battery charged and stored at room temperature into the pedelec until just before setting off. We recommend using thermal protection sleeves when riding longer distances in the cold.

Temperatures under -10 °C and over +40 °C must be avoided.

You must also keep within the following temperature ranges:

Transportation temperature	10 °C - 40 °C
Storage temperature	10 °C - 40 °C
Work environment temperature	15 °C - 25 °C
Charging temperature	10 °C - 40 °C

Table 22: Pedelec technical data

The nameplate contains symbols for the pedelec's area of use. Check what roads and paths you may use before you ride the bicycle for the first time.

Area of use	City and trekking bicycles	Child's bicycles/ bicycles for young adults	Mountain bikes	Racing bicycle	Cargo bike	Folding bicycle
		XS S	S	\$		
1	Suitable for tarmacked and paved roads.	Suitable for tarmacked and paved roads.		Suitable for tarmacked and paved roads.	Suitable for tarmacked and paved roads.	Suitable for tarmacked and paved roads.
2 2	Suitable for tarmacked roads, cycle paths and firm gravel paths and roads, and longer sections with moderate slopes and jumps up to 15 cm.	Suitable for tarmacked roads, cycle paths and firm gravel paths and roads, and longer sections with moderate slopes and jumps up to 15 cm.	Suitable for tarmacked roads, cycle paths and firm gravel paths and roads, and longer sections with moderate slopes and jumps up to 15 cm.	Suitable for tarmacked roads, cycle paths and firm gravel paths and roads, and longer sections with moderate slopes and jumps up to 15 cm.		
~ 3			Suitable for tarmacked roads, cycle paths and easy to demanding off-road riding, sections with moderate slopes and jumps up to 61 cm.			
\$ 4			Suitable for tarmacked roads, cycle paths and easy to demanding off-road riding, limited downhill use and jumps up to 122 cm.			

Table 23: Area of use

The pedelec is unsuitable for the following areas of use:

Area of use	City and trekking bicycles	Child's bicycles/ bicycles for young adults	Mountain bikes	Racing bicycle	Cargo bike	Folding bicycle
		M S S		Sign 1		
1	Never drive off-road or perform jumps.	Never drive off-road or perform jumps.		Never drive off-road or perform jumps.	Never drive off-road or perform jumps.	Never drive off-road or perform jumps.
2	Never drive off-road or perform jumps over 15 cm.	Never drive off-road or perform jumps over 15 cm.	Never drive off-road or perform jumps over 15 cm.	Never drive off-road or perform jumps over 15 cm.		
\sim 3			Never ride downhill or perform jumps over 61 cm.			
\$ 4			Never traverse extremely difficult off-road terrain or perform jumps over 122 cm.			

4 Transporting and storing

4.1 Physical transport characteristics

Weight and dimensions during transporting

Type no.	Frame	Box dim. [cm]	Weight** [kg]	Shipping weight [kg]
	53 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
21-21-1003	57 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
	61 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
	45 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
21-21-1004	49 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
21-21-1004	53 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
	57 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
	53 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
21-21-1063	57 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
	61 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
	45 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
21-21-1069	49 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
	53 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
	45 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
21-21-1070	49 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
21-2131070	53 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.
	57 cm	t.b.a.	t.b.a.	t.b.a.

Table 24: Type number, model and pedelec type

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\star}}$ Vehicle weight without battery. The vehicle's total weight depends on the battery used.

Battery type	Weight	
SuperCore 750 battery	2.6 kg	

4.1.1 Designated handles/lifting points

The box does not have any handles.

4.2 Transportation

! CAUTION

Crash caused by unintentional activation

There is a risk of injury if the drive system is activated unintentionally.

▶ Remove the battery.

4.2.1 Using the brake transport securing system

/! CAUTION

Oil leak if no transport securing device

The brake securing device prevents the brakes from being applied accidentally during transportation or shipment. This could cause irreparable damage to the brake system or an oil leak, which will harm the environment.

- ► Never push the brake lever when the wheel has been dismounted.
- ► Always use the transport securing system when transporting or shipping.
- ► Insert the **transport securing devices** between the brake linings.
- ⇒ Transport securing device is squeezed between the two linings and prevents undesired sustained braking which can cause brake fluid to leak out.

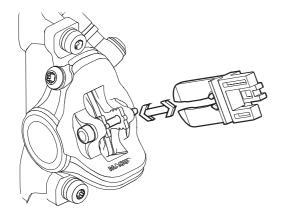


Figure 33: Fastening the transport securing device

4.2.2 Transporting the pedelec

Bicycle racks which use the handlebars or frame to hold the pedelec in an upside-down position exert inadmissible forces on its components during transportation. This can cause the supporting parts to break.

- ▶ Never use bicycle racks which use the pedelec's handlebars or frame to hold it in an upside-down position. The specialist dealer will advise you on how to select a suitable rack system properly and how to use it safely.
- ► Take into account the weight of the ready-touse pedelec when transporting it.
- ► Protect the electrical components and connections on the pedelec from the weather conditions with suitable protective covers.
- ► Transport the battery in a dry, clean position where it is protected from direct sunlight.

4.2.3 Shipping a pedelec

When shipping the pedelec, we recommend that you have the specialist dealer partially dismantle the pedelec and place it in the proper packaging.

4.2.4 Transporting the battery

Batteries are subject to hazardous goods regulations. Undamaged batteries may be transported by private persons in road traffic.

Commercial transport requires compliance with regulations concerning packaging, labelling and the transportation of hazardous goods. Open contacts must be covered and the battery securely packaged.

4.2.5 Shipping the battery

The battery is considered a hazardous good and only trained persons may pack and ship a battery. Contact your specialist dealer.

4.3 Storing



Accident after storage

The brake system is not designed for use on a pedelec which is placed on its side or turned upside down. The brake may not function correctly as a result. This can cause a crash, which may result in injuries.

- ▶ If the pedelec is placed on its side or turned upside down, apply the brake a couple of times before setting off to ensure that it works as normal.
- ➤ Store pedelec, on-board computer, battery and charger in a clean, dry place where they are protected from sunlight. Do not store outdoors to ensure a long service life.

Optimum pedelec storage temperature

10 °C - 20 °C

Table 25: Storage temperature for batteries and the pedelec

- √ Temperatures under -10 °C or over +40 °C must generally be avoided.
- ✓ Storage at about 10 °C to 20 °C is beneficial to a long battery life.
- Store pedelec, on-board computer, battery and charger separately.

4.3.1 Break in operation

Notice

The battery discharges when not in use. This can cause irreparable damage to the battery.

▶ The battery must be recharged every 6 months.

The battery may become damaged if it is connected permanently to the charger.

- ▶ Never connect the battery to the charger permanently.
- ▶ If the pedelec is removed from service for longer than four weeks, you need to prepare it for a break in operation.

4.3.1.1 Preparing a break in operation

- ✓ Remove the rechargeable battery from the pedelec.
- ✓ Charge battery to around 30% 60%.
- ✓ The pedelec needs to be cleaned with a damp cloth and preserved with wax spray. Never wax the friction surfaces of the brake.
- ✓ Before longer periods without use, it is recommendable to have your specialist dealer carry out an inspection and basic cleaning and apply preservative agent.

4.3.1.2 Carrying out a break in operation

- 1 Store the pedelec, battery and charger in a dry, clean environment. We recommend storing them in uninhabited rooms with smoke alarms. Dry locations with an ambient temperature of about 10 °C to 20 °C are ideal.
- 2 Check the battery level after 6 months. If only one LED on the battery level indicator lights up, recharge the battery to around 30% 60%.



5 Assembly

/ WARNING

Risk of eye injury

Problems may arise if the settings are not made to components correctly and you may sustain serious injuries as a result.

Always wear safety glasses to protect your eyes during assembly.

! CAUTION

Crash and crushing hazard caused by unintentional activation

There is a risk of injury if the drive system is activated unintentionally.

- Remove the battery.
- Assemble the pedelec in a clean, dry environment.
- ✓ The work environment temperature should be between 15 °C and 25 °C.
- ✓ The fitting stand used must be approved for a maximum weight of at least 30 kg.

5.1 Required tools

The following tools are required to assemble the pedelec:

- Knife
- Hexagon socket spanner 2 (2.5 mm, 3 mm, 4 mm, 5 mm, 6 mm and 8 mm)
- Torque wrench with working range between 5 and 40 Nm
- Twelve-point square socket T25
- Ring spanner (8 mm, 9 mm, 10 mm), 13 mm,
 14 mm and 15 mm) and
- Cross, flat head and ordinary screwdriver.

5.2 Unpacking

The packaging material consists mainly of cardboard and plastic film.

► The packaging has to be disposed of in accordance with the regulations of the authorities.

5.2.1 Scope of delivery

Pedelecs are fully assembled in the factory for test purposes and then dismantled for transportation.

The pedelec is 95 - 98% pre-assembled. The scope of delivery includes:

- · the pre-assembled pedelec
- · the front wheel
- · the pedals
- quick release (optional)
- the charger
- the operating instructions.

The battery is supplied separately from the pedelec.

5.3 Commissioning



Burns from hot drive

The drive cooler can become extremely hot during use. Touching it may cause burns.

Leave the drive unit to cool before assembly.

Only trained specialist staff may perform initial commissioning since initial commissioning of the pedelec requires special tools and specialist knowledge.

Experience has shown that a pedelec which has not yet been sold is automatically handed to customers as soon as it appears ready to ride.

- Complete an assembly report for quality assurance.
- ▶ The assembly report (see Section 11.2) describes all safety-relevant inspections, tests and maintenance tasks. All assembly work must be completed to ensure the pedelec is ready to ride.

5.4 Preparing the battery

5.4.1 Checking the battery

The battery must be checked before it is charged for the first time.

- 1 Press the On-Off button (battery).
- ⇒ If none of the LEDs on the battery level indicator light up, the battery may be damaged.
- ⇒ The battery may be fully charged if at least one, but not all, of the LEDs on the battery level indicator lights up.

5.4.2 Retrofitting the battery locking lever

The battery locking lever can be retrofitted to SuperCore or UltraCore batteries if they do not have one.

5.4.2.1 Preparing the frame

1 Cut out the drilling template in Section 11.4 along the blue dotted line.

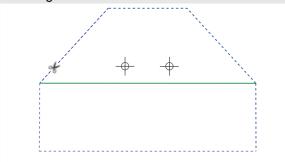


Figure 34: Cutting out along the blue line

2 Fold drilling template along green dotted line.

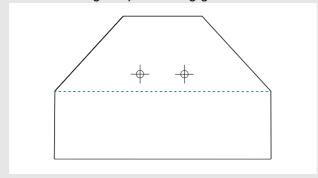


Figure 35: Folding along the green line (line 1)

- 3 Place and position drilling template on frame.
- 4 Stick drilling template to frame.
- 5 Make hole mark.
- 6 Pre-drill hole 3.3 mm in diameter (M4).
- 7 Cut M4 thread.

5.4.2.2 Fitting the locking lever

1 Insert the countersunk screws (1) into the base plate (2).

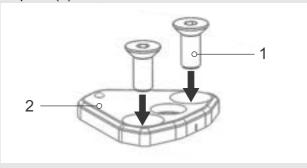


Figure 36: Inserting countersunk screws into base plate

2 Join the locking lever to the base plate using the chainring screws. Use a thread locker.

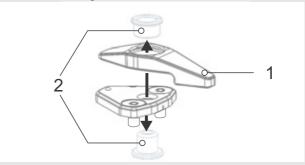


Figure 37: Connect locking lever with base plate

3 Fasten countersunk screws into the frame using a M4 Allen key. Use a thread locker.

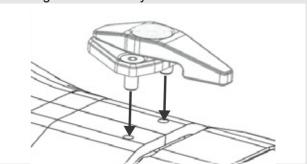


Figure 38: Screwing lever to frame

5.4.3 Installing the wheel in the Suntour fork

1 Before installing, ensure that the quick release flange is extended. Open the lever fully.





Figure 39: Open and closed flange

2 Push in the quick release until you can hear a click. Make sure that the flange is extended.

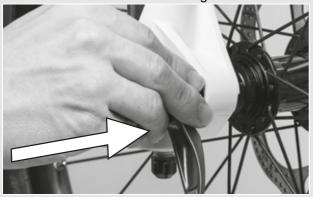


Figure 40: Pushing the quick release in

3 Adjust tensioning with half-open clamping lever until the flange reaches the fork end.

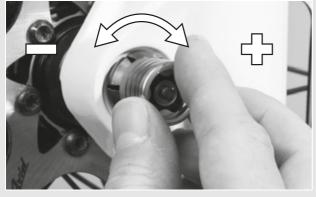


Figure 41: Adjusting the clamping

4 Fully close the quick release. Check that the quick release is firmly in place and adjust it on the flange if necessary.

⇒ The lever is secured.

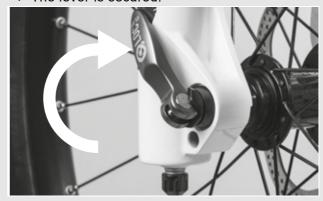


Figure 42: Closing the quick release

5.4.4 Checking the stem and handlebars

5.4.4.1 Checking the connections

- Stand in front of the pedelec to check whether the handlebars, stem and fork steerer are firmly attached to one another. Clamp the front wheel between your legs. Grasp the handlebar grips.
- 2 Try to twist the handlebars towards the front wheel.
- ⇒ The stem must not move or twist.

5.4.4.2 Firm hold

- 1 Place your entire body weight on the handlebars with the quick release lever closed to check that the stem is firmly in place.
- ⇒ The handlebars shaft must not move downwards in the fork steerer.
- 2 If the handlebars shaft should move in the fork steerer, increase the quick release lever tensioning. To do so, turn the knurled nut slightly clockwise with the quick release lever open.
- **3** Close the lever and check the stem is firmly in position.

5.4.4.3 Checking the headset backlash

- 1 To check the handlebar headset backlash, close the quick release lever on the stem.
- 2 Place the fingers of one hand on the upper headset cup. Pull the front wheel brake with the other hand and try to push the pedelec backwards and forwards.
- 3 The headset cup halves must not move towards one another while you are doing this. Note that there may be noticeable backlash due to worn-out bearing bushes or brake lining backlash in suspension forks and disc brakes.
- 4 If there is headset backlash in the steering headset, you must adjust it as soon as possible; otherwise, the headset will become damaged. You must make the adjustment as described in the stem manual.

5.5 Pedelec sale

- ► Complete Pedelec pass on the operating instructions envelope.
- ► Note down the manufacturer and the number of the battery key.
- ► Adjust the pedelec to the rider; see Section 6.5.
- ► Adjust the stand and shifter.
- ► Instruct the operator or rider on how to use all the pedelec's functions.

6 Operation

6.1 Risks and hazards

! WARNING

Injuries and death caused by other road users

Other road users, trucks, cars or pedestrians often underestimate the speed of pedelecs. Likewise, other road users frequently do not see pedelecs. This may cause a crash with serious injuries or even death.

- Wear a cycling helmet and high-visibility, reflective clothing.
- ► Always take a defensive approach to riding.
- Avoid the blind spots of vehicles turning off. Reduce speed as a precaution when other road users turn right.

Injuries and death caused by riding incorrectly

A pedelec is not a bicycle. Incorrect riding and underestimated speeds soon result in hazardous situations. This may cause a fall with serious injuries or even death.

- ▶ If you haven't ridden on a pedelec for some time, get accustomed to the speed first before you ride at speeds over 12 km/h. Increase the levels of assistance gradually.
- Practice braking hard on a regular basis.
- ▶ Take and complete a riding safety course.

Injuries and death caused by distraction

A lack of concentration while riding increases the risk of an accident. This may cause a crash with serious injuries.

- ▶ Never allow yourself to be distracted by the display or your mobile phone.
- ➤ Stop bicycle if you want to make inputs on the display other than a change in level of assistance. Only enter data when the bicycle is stationary

! CAUTION

Crash caused by loose clothing

Shoe laces, scarves and other loose items may become entangled in the spokes on the *wheels* and on the *chain drive*. This may cause a crash with injuries.

Wear sturdy footwear and close-fitting clothing.

Crash caused by difficult-to-spot damage

If the pedelec topples over or you have a fall or an accident, there may be difficult-to-spot damage to components such as the brake system, quick releases or *frame*. This may cause a crash with injuries.

► Take the pedelec out of service and have a specialist dealer carry out an inspection.

Crash caused by material fatigue

Intensive use can cause material fatigue. A component may suddenly fail in case of material fatigue. This may cause a crash with injuries.

- ► Remove the pedelec from service immediately if there are any signs of material fatigue. Have the specialist dealer check the state.
- ▶ Have the specialist dealer carry out a basic inspection regularly. During the inspection, the specialist dealer will inspect the pedelec for any signs of material fatigue on the frame, fork, suspension element mountings (if there are any) and components made of composite materials.

Carbon becomes brittle when exposed to heat radiation such as heating. This can cause the carbon part to break and result in a crash with injuries.

▶ Never expose carbon parts on the pedelec to strong sources of heat.

/! CAUTION

Crash caused by poor road conditions

Loose objects, such as branches and twigs, may become caught in the wheels and cause a crash with injuries.

- ▶ Be aware of the road conditions.
- ▶ Ride slowly and brake in good time.

The *tyres* may slip on wet roads. In wet conditions you must also expect a longer braking distance. The braking sensation differs from the usual sensation. This can cause loss of control or a crash, which may result in injuries.

Ride slowly and brake in good time when it is raining.

Crash caused by soiling

Heavy soiling can impair pedelec functions, such as braking. This may cause a crash with injuries.

▶ Remove coarse soiling before riding.

Notice

Heat or direct sunlight can cause the *tyre pressure* to increase above the permitted maximum pressure. This can destroy the *tyres*.

- ▶ Never park the pedelec in the sun.
- On hot days, regularly check the tyre pressure and adjust it as necessary.

When riding downhill, high speeds may be reached. The pedelec is only designed to exceed a speed of 25 km/h for short intervals. The *tyres* in particular can fail if exposed to a continuous load.

▶ Use the brakes to decelerate the pedelec if you reach speeds greater than 25 km/h.

Notice

Moisture penetrating at low temperatures may impair individual functions due to the open structural design.

- Always keep the pedelec dry and free from frost.
- ▶ If the pedelec is to be used at temperatures below 3 °C, the specialist dealer must carry out an inspection and prepare it for winter use.

Off-road riding subjects the joints in the arms to severe strain. Take a break from riding every 30 to 90 minutes, depending on the road surface conditions and your physical fitness.

6.2 Personal protective equipment

It is recommended that you wear a suitable cycling helmet, sturdy footwear and typical, close-fitting, reflective sports clothing.

6.3 Tips for a greater range

The pedelec's range depends on many influencing factors. A single battery charge may only last fewer than 20 kilometres but much more than 100 is also possible. There are a few tips which will generally help you maximize range.

Suspension elements

Only open suspension fork and damper when necessary on terrain or gravel paths. Block suspension fork and damper on tarmacked roads or on hills.

Pedalling frequency

- Ride using pedalling frequencies of over 50 revolutions per minute. This optimises the electric drive's efficiency.
- Avoid pedalling very slowly.

Weight

Minimise the total weight of pedelec and baggage.

Stopping and starting

- ▶ Ride long distances at a constant speed.
- Avoid stopping and starting frequently.

Level of assistance

▶ the higher the selected level of assistance, the lower the range

Gear shift

- ► Use a low gear and a low level of assistance on hills and when setting off.
- Switch up a gear depending on the speed and terrain.
- ▶ 50-80 crank rotations are optimal.
- Avoid high stress loads on the crank during a gear change.
- Switch gear back in good time, e.g. before inclines.

Tyres

- ► Always select the right tyres for the surface type.
- ► Always use the maximum permitted tyre pressure.

Rechargeable battery

Electrical resistance increases as the temperature drops. Battery performance is reduced. As a result, you should expect the range to be shorter than normal in winter.

► Use a thermal protection sleeve on the battery in winter.

The range also depends on the battery's age, charge level and state of repair.

► Maintain the battery and replace older batteries where necessary.

6.4 Error messages

6.4.1 Battery error message

The battery indicates errors with different LED statuses. The LED light patterns are lit (\blacksquare), non-lit (\blacksquare) and flashing ($\not\equiv$).

Туре	Status	Lighting pat- tern	Remedy
System error	Communication error with the pedelec system		 Check that the charging cable is firmly and properly connected. Contact your specialist dealer if the problem persists.
Temperature protection	If the temperature exceeds the guaranteed operating range, the battery will switch off.		 Store battery in a cool place where there is no direct sunlight until the battery interior temperature has fallen sufficiently. Contact your specialist dealer if the problem persists.
Error during security authentication	This is displayed if no original drive unit is connected. This is displayed if one of the cables is not connected.		 Connect an original battery and an original drive unit. Check the status of the cables. Contact your specialist dealer if the problem persists.
Charge error	This is displayed if an error occurs during the charging process.		 Remove the plug connector between the battery and charger. Press the On-Off button when only the battery is connected. Contact your specialist dealer if the problem persists.
Battery malfunction	Electrical fault in the battery.	#	 Plug the charger into the battery. Remove the charger. Press the On-Off switch when the battery is connected. Contact your specialist dealer if the problem persists.

Table 26: Battery error messages

6.4.2 On-board computer warnings



Figure 43: Example: Warning W000

Code	Cause	Limitation	Remedy
W101 (W011)	No vehicle speed signal was detected by the speed sensor.	The maximum speed at which assistance is provided is lower than normal.	Contact your specialist dealer.
W103 (W013)	Normal sensor initialisation could not be completed.	The drive will be lower than normal.	Turn the cranks backwards two or three times.Contact your specialist dealer if the problem persists.
W104	The power was switched off because a power loss was detected in the system.	No assistance provided when cycling.	Contact your specialist dealer.
W105	Unexpected power cut-out detected.	The motor assistance functions are not restricted during display.	Re-start the system.Contact your specialist dealer if the problem persists.
W200 (W020)	The power was switched off because the temperature exceeded the guaranteed operating range.	System functions do not start.	 If the battery overheats, store in a cool place where there is no direct sunlight until the battery interior temperature has fallen sufficiently. If the battery has been exposed to excessive cooling, store in a warm room. Monitor and wait until the battery temperature has risen sufficiently.
W302 (W032)	The fitted gear shift is different to the one configured in the system.	No shifting is possible.	Contact your specialist dealer.

Table 27: List of warnings

6.5 Error message screen

If an error message is shown over the entire display, follow the procedure indicated below to reset the screen.

- 1 Press the On-Off button (battery).
- 2 Remove the battery from the mount.
- 3 Replace the battery.
- 4 Start the system.



Figure 44: Example: Error message E010

Code	Cause	Limitation	Remedy
E010	An anomaly was detected in the drive unit.	No assistance provided when cycling.	 Press the On-Off button (battery). Contact your specialist dealer if the problem persists.
E020	A communication error was detected between the battery and the drive unit.	No assistance provided when cycling.	Contact your specialist dealer.
E021	The battery connected to the drive unit meets the system standards but is not compatible.	No assistance provided when cycling.	 Press the On-Off button (battery). Contact your specialist dealer if the problem persists.
E022	The battery connected to the drive unit does not meet the system standard.	Drive system does not start.	 Insert correct battery. Press the On-Off button (battery). Contact your specialist dealer if the problem persists.
E023	An electrical fault was detected inside the battery.	Drive system does not start.	 Press the On-Off button (battery). Contact your specialist dealer if the problem persists.
E024	The battery overcurrent protection was triggered. (Communication error in drive system).	Drive system does not start.	Contact your specialist dealer.
E025	The battery does not detect the drive unit. (No original drive unit is connected or the power cable is disconnected.)	Drive system does not start.	 Insert correct battery. Check power cable. Contact your specialist dealer if the problem persists.
E030	A switching unit that differs from the system configuration was fitted.	No assistance provided when cycling.	Contact your specialist dealer.
E033	The current firmware is not supported by this system.	No assistance provided when cycling.	Contact your specialist dealer.
E035	An anomaly was detected in the vehicle settings.	No assistance provided when cycling.	Contact your specialist dealer.
E043	Irregularity detected in this product's firmware. Part of the firmware may be damaged.	No assistance provided when cycling.	Contact your specialist dealer.
E050 (E014)	A different vehicle speed signal was detected by the speed sensor.	No assistance provided when cycling.	Contact your specialist dealer.

Table 28: List of error messages

6.6 Instruction and customer service

Your supplying specialist dealer will provide customer service. Contact details can be found on the pedelec pass for these operating instructions. The specialist dealer will explain all the pedelec functions to you in person, this being when the specialist dealer hands over the pedelec at the latest. These operating instructions are provided to you with every pedelec, so that you can consult them at a later stage.

Your specialist dealer will also be happy to assist you in the future whether you require maintenance, conversion or repair.

6.7 Adjusting the pedelec

CAUTION

Crash caused by incorrectly adjusted torques

If a screw is fastened too tightly, it may break. If a screw is not fastened enough, it may loosen. This will cause a crash with injuries.

▶ Always observe the indicated torques on the screw and in the *operating instructions*.

Only a correctly adjusted pedelec will guarantee the desired ride comfort and health-promoting activity. Therefore adjust the *saddle*, the *handlebars and the suspension* to your body and your preferred riding style before the first ride.

6.7.1 Adjusting the saddle

6.7.1.1 Adjusting the saddle tilt

The saddle tilt must be adjusted to the seat height, the saddle and handlebar position, and the saddle shape to ensure an optimum fit. The seating position can be optimised in this way if needed. First adjust the handlebars, then the saddle.

► Adjust the saddle tilt to horizontal.

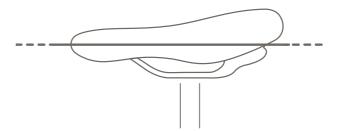


Figure 45: Horizontal saddle tilt

6.7.1.2 Determining the seat height

- ✓ To adjust the seat height safely, either
- push the bike near to a wall, so that the rider can lean on the wall to support themselves or
- ask another person to hold the pedelec.
- 1 Climb onto the bicycle.
- Place your heel on the pedal and extend your leg, so that the pedal is at the lowest crank rotation point.
- ➡ The rider sits straight on the saddle if the seat is at an optimum height. If this is not the case, adjust the length of the seat post to your needs.



Figure 46: Optimal saddle height

6.7.1.3 Adjusting the seat height with quick release

1 Open the quick release on the seat post to change the seat height (1). To do so, push the clamping lever away from the seat post (3).

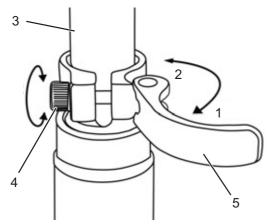


Figure 47: Opening the seat post quick release

2 Set the seat post to the required height.



Crash caused by an excessively high seat post setting

A seat post which is set too high will cause the seat post or the frame to break. This will cause a crash with injuries.

▶ Do not pull the seat post out of the frame beyond the minimum insertion depth marking.

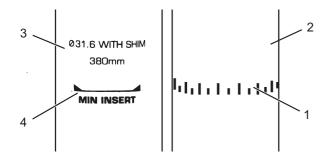


Figure 48: Detailed view of the seat post – examples of the minimum insertion depth marking

- **3** To close it, push the seat post clamping lever as far as it will go into the seat post (2).
- **4** Check the *clamping force of quick releases*.

6.7.1.4 Adjusting the seat position

The saddle can be shifted on the saddle frame. The right horizontal position ensures an optimal leverage position for legs. This prevents knee pain and painful incorrect pelvis positions. If you have displaced the saddle more than 10 mm, you need to adjust the saddle height again since both settings affect one another.

- ✓ To adjust the seat position safely, either push the pedelec near to a wall, so that you can lean on the wall to support yourself or ask another person to hold the pedelec for you.
- 1 Climb onto the bicycle.
- 2 Place the pedals into the vertical position with your feet.

The rider is sitting in the optimal sitting position if the perpendicular line from the kneecap runs through the pedal axle.

- **3.1**If the perpendicular line crosses behind the pedal, bring the saddle further forward.
- **3.2**If the perpendicular line crosses in front of the pedal, bring the saddle further back.
- 4 Move the saddle within its permitted displacement range only (marked on the saddle stay).

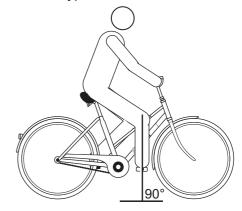


Figure 49: Knee cap perpendicular line

- ✓ The handlebar settings must only be adjusted while the bicycle is stationary.
- Unfasten and adjust the designated screw connections, and clamp them with the maximum tightening torque for the clamping screws of the handlebars.

6.7.2 Adjusting the handlebars



Crash caused by incorrectly set clamping force

Excessively high clamping force will damage the quick release and cause it to lose its function. Insufficient clamping force will result in unfavourable transmission of force. This can cause components to break. This will cause a crash with injuries.

- ► Never fasten a quick release using a tool (e.g. hammer or pliers).
- Only use the clamping lever with the specified set clamping force.

6.7.3 Adjusting the stem



Crash caused by loose stem

Incorrectly fastened screws may come loose due to impact. The stem may no longer be firmly fixed in its position as a result. This will cause a crash with injuries.

► Check the handlebars and the quick release system are firmly in position after the first two hours of riding.

6.7.3.1 Adjusting the height of the handlebars

1 Open the stem clamping lever.

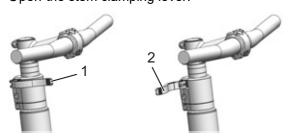


Figure 50: Open (2) and closed (1) stem clamping lever; All Up used as an example

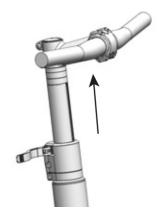


Figure 51: Pulling the locking lever upwards; All Up used as an example

- **2** Pull out the handlebars to the required height. Observe minimum insertion depth.
- 3 Close the stem clamping lever.

6.7.3.2 Adjusting the quick release clamping force

- ▶ If the handlebar clamping lever stops before reaching its end position, unscrew the knurled nut.
- ➤ Tighten the *knurled nut* on the seat post if the seat post clamping lever's clamping force is not effective enough.
- ▶ If you are unable to set the clamping force, the specialist dealer will need to check the quick release.

6.7.4 Adjusting the brake

The brake lever grip distance can be adjusted to ensure that it can be reached more easily. The pressure point can also be adjusted to the rider's preferences.

Contact your specialist dealer if there is no description of your brake below.



6.7.4.1 Retracting the brake linings

Disc brakes require wearing-in time. The braking force increases over time. You therefore need to be aware that the braking force may increase during the wearing-in period. The same happens after brake pads or discs are replaced.

- 1 Accelerate pedelec to about 25 km/h.
- 2 Brake pedelec until it comes to a halt.
- 3 Repeat process 30-50 times.

The disc brake is retracted and provides optimal braking power.

6.7.5 Adjusting the damping sag

/! CAUTION

Crash caused by incorrectly set suspension

If the suspension is set incorrectly, the fork may become damaged, meaning problems may occur when steering. This will cause a crash with injuries.

- Never ride the bicycle without air in the air suspension fork.
- ► Never use the pedelec without adjusting the suspension fork to the rider's weight.

Notice

Settings on the chassis change riding performance significantly. You need to get used to the bicycle and break it in to prevent accidents.

Sag is the percentage of total deflection that is compressed by the rider's weight, including equipment (such as a backpack), their seating position and frame geometry. Sag is not caused by riding.

The sag depends on the rider's position and weight and should be between 15% and 30% of the maximum fork deflection, depending on preferences and on how the pedelec is used.

Greater sag (20% to 30%)

A greater sag increases sensitivity to bumps, thus producing greater suspension motion. A greater sensitivity to bumps ensures more comfortable ride performance and is used on pedelecs with a longer deflection.

Decreased sag (10% to 20%)

A decreased sag reduces sensitivity to bumps, thus producing less suspension motion. A lower sensitivity to bumps ensures a firmer, more efficient ride and is generally used on pedelecs with a shorter deflection.

The adjustment shown here represents a basic setting. The rider should change the basic setting to suit the surface and his/her preferences.

It is advisable to make a note of the basic setting. This way, it can be used as the starting point for subsequent, optimised settings and to safeguard against unintentional changes.

6.7.5.1 Adjusting the RockShox fork steel suspension

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

The external spring preload setting compresses or decompresses the spring without changing deflection.



Figure 52: Screwing and unscrewing the pre-tension adjustment ring.

- ► Screw in the **Sag setting wheel** clockwise to increase pre-tensioning and reduce the sag.
- Unscrew the Sag setting wheel in an anticlockwise direction to decrease pre-tensioning and increase the sag.

The spring pre-tensioning setting can be used to finely adjust the sag; however, pre-tensioning does not change spring stiffness and is not suitable to substitute the correct compression spring rate.

6.7.5.2 Adjusting the RockShox air suspension

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

- ✓ When adjusting the sag, ensure that all dampers are in the open position, i.e. turned anti-clockwise until they stop.
- ✓ The pressure is to be measured at an ambient temperature of 21 to 24 °C.
- 1 The air valve is located under a cover on the head of the shock absorber. Unscrew the air valve cap in an anti-clockwise direction.

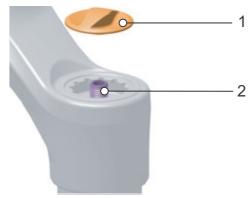


Figure 53: Removing the cover (1) from the air valve (2)

- **2** Place a high-pressure pump on the valve.
- **3** Pump the suspension fork to the required pressure. Observe the levels in the air pressure table.

Rider weight	RockShox Lyri	RockShox Lyrik SELECT	
< 55 kg	< 55 psi	< 3.8 bar	
55 - 63 kg	55 - 65 psi	3.8 - 4.5 bar	
63 - 72 kg	65 - 75 psi	4.5 - 5.2 bar	
72 - 81 kg	75 - 85 psi	5.2 - 5.9 bar	
81 - 90 kg	85 - 95 psi	5.9 - 6.6 bar	
90 - 99 kg	95 - 105 psi	6.6 - 6.8 bar	
> 99 kg	105 + psi	6.8+ bar	
Max. pressure	163 psi	11.2 bar	

Table 29: Filling pressure table for RockShox LYRIK SELECT air fork

- 4 The recommendations for air pressure in the front wheel suspension are also indicated on the rear of the fork and can be found at https://trailhead.rockshox.com/en.
- 5 Remove the high-pressure pump.
- 6 Put on your normal cycling clothing, including luggage. Ask someone to hold the pedelec. Stand on the pedals while wearing cycling clothing. Allow the damper to deflect three times. Sit or stand on the pedelec in a normal riding position.
- 7 Ask your helper to push the **O-ring** downwards until it reaches the top of the dust wiper seal.



Figure 54: Moving the O-ring on the suspension fork

8 Get off the pedelec without allowing it to deflect. Measure or read the distance between the dust wiper and the O-ring and cable tie. This measurement is the sag. The recommended sag is between 10% and 20% (hard) and 20% to 30% (soft).



Figure 55: Mandatory sag range (green) and forbidden sag range

- 9 Increase or reduce the air pressure until you have reached the desired sag. If the sag is correct, tighten the air valve cap on the valve in a clockwise direction.
- **10** If you are unable to achieve the desired sag, internal settings may need to be made. Contact your specialist dealer.

6.7.5.3 Adjusting the RockShox rear frame damper

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

Notice

If the air pressure level in the rear frame damper is exceeded or not reached, the damper can be permanently damaged. You will find the specifications on the rear frame damper.

✓ When adjusting the sag, ensure that all dampers are in the open position, i.e. turned anti-clockwise until they stop.

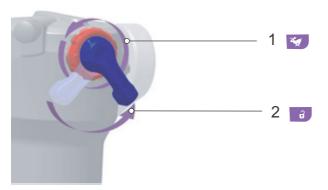


Figure 56: Opening the rebound damper (1) and compression adjuster (2)

- **1** Release air completely from the rear frame damper.
- 2 Pressurise the air spring chamber with a 100 PSI (6.9 bar) high pressure damper pump.
- 3 Detach high-pressure damper pump.
- 4 Do not deflect the suspension.

- 5 Fully deflect the rear frame damper five times to compensate the positive and negative air suspension.
- **6** Use a high pressure damper pump to fill the rear frame damper to the required pressure level for the rider's total weight, including their clothing.
 - Example: 160 lbs (73 kg) = 160 PSI (11 bar)
- 7 Deflect rear frame damper to compensate the air pressure.
- 8 Ask someone to hold the pedelec. Stand on the pedals while wearing cycling clothing. Deflect rear frame damper fully gently two or three times.
- **9** Ask your helper to push the O-ring against the wiper seal.



Figure 57: Moving the O-ring on the rear frame damper

- 10 Read the sag value on the scale. The optimum sag percentage is 25%. The sag level may be adjusted by ± 5%, depending on the rider's preferences (20% to 30%).
- **11** The air pressure must be adjusted if the sag level is not reached.
- · Increase the air pressure to reduce the sag.
- Decrease the air pressure to increase the sag.

6.7.6 Adjusting the rebound damping

Rebound damping in the suspension fork and the rear frame damper determines the speed at which the rear frame damper rebounds after being subjected to load. Rebound damping controls the suspension fork extension and rebound speed, which, in turn, has an impact on traction and control.

Rebound damping can be adjusted to the rider's weight, spring stiffness, deflection, the terrain and the rider's preferences.

If the air pressure or spring stiffness increases, the extension and rebound speeds also increase. Rebound damping may need to be increased to achieve an optimal setting if the air pressure or spring stiffness are increased.

The damper rebounds at a controlled speed if the fork is optimally adjusted. The wheel stays in contact with the ground when passing over bumps (blue line).

The fork head, handlebars and rider broadly follow the terrain (green line) when riding over bumps. The suspension motion is predictable and controlled.



Figure 58: Optimum fork riding performance

The rear frame damper rebounds at a controlled speed if it is optimally adjusted. The rear wheel does not bounce off rough surfaces or the ground; it stays in contact with the ground instead (blue line).

The saddle is raised slightly if the bump is compensated and gently sinks downwards when the suspension deflects as soon as the wheel touches the ground after the bump. The rear frame damper rebounds in a controlled way, so that the rider remains sitting in a horizontal position when the next bump is absorbed. The suspension motion is predictable and controlled and the rider is not thrown upwards or forwards (green line).

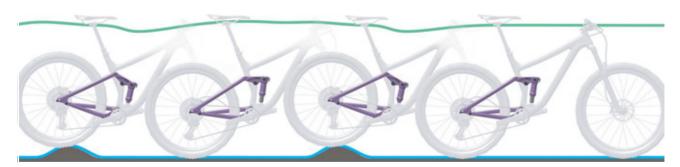


Figure 59: Optimum rear frame damper riding performance

6.7.6.1 Adjusting the RockShox suspension fork

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

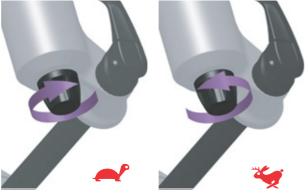


Figure 60: Adjusting RockShox rebound

- ➤ Turn the rebound adjuster clockwise towards the tortoise symbol to reduce the rebound speed (slower return).
- ► Turn the rebound adjuster clockwise towards the hare symbol to increase the rebound speed (faster return).

6.7.6.2 Adjusting the RockShox rear frame damper

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

The rebound damper defines the speed at which the rear frame damper rebounds after being subjected to load or impact. The rebound adjuster setting depends on the air pressure setting. A higher sag requires lower rebound damping.

- ✓ The sag is set.
- 1 Turn the Rebound damper adjuster clockwise towards the tortoise symbol to reduce the rebound speed (slower return).



Figure 61: Reducing the rebound speed

2 Turn the rebound damper adjuster clockwise towards the hare symbol to increase the rebound speed (faster return).



Figure 62: Increasing the rebound speed

3 Ride the pedelec and readjust the rebound if necessary.

6.7.7 Rear frame damper compression adjuster

The compression adjuster controls the compression lifting speed or the rate at which the rear frame damper deflects in response to slow impacts. The compression adjuster influences the absorption of bumps and its efficiency when the rider's weight shifts or during transitions, cornering, uniform impacts caused by bumps and when braking.

When optimally adjusted, the rear frame damper counteracts deflection, stays higher in its deflection range and helps the rider to maintain speed when riding on hilly parts of terrain.

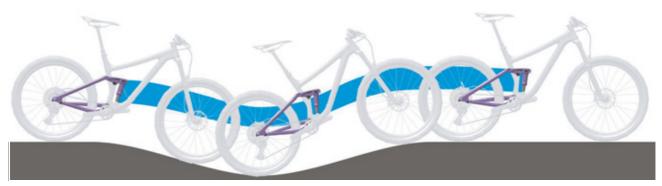


Figure 63: Optimum rear frame damper riding performance on hilly terrain

Compression adjuster set to hard

- Allows the rear frame damper to move higher in the deflection range. This makes it easier for the rider to improve efficiency and maintain momentum over uniformly hilly terrain, around bends and when pedalling.
- Deflection may feel somewhat harder on more rugged terrain.

Compression adjuster set to soft

- Allows the damper to deflect quickly and easily.
 This may make it easier for the rider to maintain speed and momentum when riding over more rugged terrain.
- Deflection may feel somewhat less hard on more rugged terrain.



Figure 64: Optimum rear frame damper riding performance over bumps

When optimally adjusted, the rear frame damper deflects quickly and unhindered when the bike hits bumps and absorbs a bump. Traction is retained (blue line)

The saddle rises slightly when absorbing a bump (green line).

6.7.7.1 Adjusting the RockShox compression adjuster

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

- 1 Set the compression adjuster to the middle position.
- 2 Ride the pedelec over a small obstacle.
- ➤ To improve efficiency on hilly and flat terrain, turn the compression adjuster clockwise to increase compression damping and hardness and reduce the deflection speed.



Figure 65: Changing compression adjuster to a harder setting

➤ To increase sensitivity to small bumps, turn the compression adjuster anti-clockwise to decrease damping and hardness and increase the deflection speed.



Figure 66: Changing compression adjuster to a softer setting

⇒ The ideal setting for the rebound damper has been achieved when the rebound movement of the rear wheel feels comparable to that of the front wheel.

6.7.8 Shimano E-Tube Ride app

The SHIMANO E-Tube Ride app can be used to evaluate and monitor all journey data in real time on a smartphone.

6.7.8.1 Installing the app on a smartphone

▶ In order to be able to use all functions of the operating system, the rider must install the app on their smartphone from the app store or Google Play. For manual set-up instructions, please see:

https://bike.shimano.com/de-DE/e-tube/ride.html.





6.7.8.2 Establishing a connection between the app and the pedelec

- 1 Establish Bluetooth® LE connection (see Section 6.15.8).
- 2 Connect the smartphone to the pedelec.
- ⇒ The app can now be used.

6.7.9 E-TUBE PROJECT

E-TUBE PROJECT is required to change the drive system settings and update firmware. The elements that can be configured differ depending on the pedelec. This means:

- The functions allocated to every operating switch can be changed.
- However, all settings described in Section 6.15.5 can also be configured via E-TUBE PROJECT.
- The adjustment of the level of assistance to the requirements of the rider is saved and registered in E-TUBE PROJECT (see Section 6.15.6.10).

All details are described in the service instructions in E-TUBE PROJECT.

6.7.9.1 Setting up E-TUBE PROJECT

- ✓ Do not establish a connection with any electronic device while the battery is charging.
- 1 Install E-TUBE PROJECT from the SHIMANO support website. Follow the installation instructions on the SHIMANO support website. https://e-tubeproject.shimano.com

6.8 Accessories

We recommend a parking stand into which either the front wheel or rear wheel can be inserted securely for pedelecs which do not have a kickstand. The following accessories are recommended:

Description	Article number
Protective cover for electrical components	080-41000 ff
Panniers, system component*	080-40946
Rear wheel basket, system component*	051-20603
Bicycle box, system component*	080-40947
Parking stand universal stand	XX-TWO14B

Table 30: Accessories

- *System components are matched to the pannier rack and provide sufficient stability due to special transmission of force.
- **System components are matched to the drive system.

6.8.1 Child seat

! WARNING

Crash caused by incorrect child seat

The pannier rack and down tube are unsuitable for mounting child seats and may break. Such an incorrect position may cause a crash with serious injuries for the rider and the child.

Never attach a child seat to the saddle, handlebars or down tube.

! CAUTION

Crash caused by improper handling

When using child seats, the pedelec's handling characteristics and stability change considerably. This can cause a loss of control, a crash and injuries.

➤ You should practice how to use the child seat safely before using the pedelec in public spaces.

CAUTION

Risk of crushing due to exposed springs

The child may crush his/her fingers on exposed springs or open mechanical parts of the saddle and the seat post.

- Never install saddles with exposed springs if a child seat is being used.
- Never install seat posts with suspension with open mechanical parts and exposed springs if a child seat is being used.

Notice

- ▶ Observe the legal regulations on the use of child seats.
- ▶ Observe the operating and safety instructions for the child seat system.
- ▶ Never exceed the maximum permitted total weight.

The specialist dealer will advise you on choosing a suitable child seat system for the child and the pedelec.

The specialist dealer must install the child seat the first time to ensure that it is safely fitted.

When installing a child seat, the specialist dealer makes sure that the seat and the fastening mechanism for the seat are suitable for the pedelec and that all components are installed and firmly fastened. They will also ensure that shift cables, brake cables, hydraulic lines and electrical cables are adjusted as necessary, the rider has optimum freedom of movement and the pedelec's maximum permitted total weight is complied with.

The specialist dealer will provide instruction on how to handle the pedelec and the child seat.

6.8.2 Trailer



Crash caused by brake failure

The braking distance may be longer if the trailer is carrying excessive load. The long braking distance can cause a crash or an accident and injuries.

▶ Never exceed the specified trailer load.

Notice

- ► The operating and safety instructions for the trailer system must be observed.
- ► The statutory regulations on the use of bicycle trailers must be observed.
- Only use type-approved coupling systems.

A pedelec which is approved for towing a trailer will bear an appropriate adhesive label. You may only use trailers with a tongue load and weight which do not exceed the permitted values.

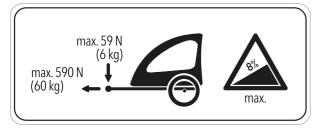


Figure 67: Trailer sign

The specialist dealer will advise on choosing a suitable trailer system for the pedelec. The specialist dealer must install the trailer the first time to ensure that it is safely fitted.

6.8.2.1 Trailer approval for ENVIOLO hub gear

Only compatible bicycle trailers are approved for ENVIOLO hub gears.

KETTLER

KETTLER QUADRIGA child trailer

Burley

Trailer	Adapter
Minnow Bee	
Honey Bee	
Encore	
solo	
Cub	Item no. 960038
D'Lite	
Normad	
Flatbed	
Tail Wagon	

Croozer

Trailer	Adapter
Croozer Kid	
Croozer Kid Plus	Item no. 122003516, XL: +10 mm Item no. 122003716
Croozer Cargo	Item no. 12200715 Croozer axle nut adapter with Thule coupling
Croozer Dog	

Thule

Trailer	Adapter
Thule Chariot Lite	
Thule Chariot Cab	
Thule Chariot Cross	Item no. 20100798
Thule Chariot Sport	
Thule Coaster XT	

6.8.3 Pannier rack

The specialist dealer will advise on choosing a suitable pannier rack.

The specialist dealer must install the pannier rack the first time to ensure that it is safely fitted.

When installing a pannier rack, the specialist dealer makes sure that the fastening mechanism is suitable for the pedelec and that all components are installed and firmly fastened. They will also ensure that shift cables, brake cables, hydraulic lines and electrical cables are adjusted as necessary, the rider has optimum freedom of movement and the pedelec's maximum permitted total weight is not exceeded.

The specialist dealer will provide instruction on how to handle the pedelec and the pannier rack.

6.8.4 Mobile holder

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

A holder for SP Connect mobile case is fitted to the stem.

- ✓ Observe the operating instructions for the mobile and the SP Connect mobile case.
- ✓ Use on tarmacked roads only.
- ✓ Protect mobile from theft.
- ➤ To attach: insert the SP Connect mobile case in the holder and turn 90° to the right.
- ➤ To release: turn the SP Connect mobile case 90° to the left and remove.

6.8.5 Suspension fork coil spring

If the desired suspension fork sag cannot be achieved after adjustment, the coil spring assembly must be replaced with a softer or harder spring.

A softer coil spring assembly must be installed to increase the sag.

A harder coil spring assembly must be installed to decrease the sag.

6.8.6 Tubeless and airless

Riding a bike without tyre tubes reduces the risk of tyre punctures and even avoids them completely.

The specialist dealer will advise you on choosing a suitable tyre system for the pedelec.

The conversion to tubeless or airless tyres must be carried out by a specialist dealer to ensure the safety.

6.9 Check list before each ride

- ► Check the pedelec before each ride.
- ⇒ Take the pedelec out of service if you spot any anomalies.

	Check that the pedelec is complete.
	Check the battery is firmly in place.
	Check that the lighting, reflector and brake, for instance, are sufficiently clean.
	You must check that the mudguards, the pannier rack and the chain guard are securely installed.
	Check that the front and rear wheels run true. This is particularly important if the pedelec been transported or secured with a lock.
	Check the valves and the tyre pressure. Adjust as necessary before each ride.
	If the bicycle has a hydraulic rim brake, check whether the locking levers are fully closed in their final positions.
0	Check the front and rear wheel brakes to make sure that they are working properly. To do so, push the brake levers while stationary to check whether resistance is generated in the usual brake lever position. The brake must not lose any brake fluid.
	Check that the riding light is working.
	Check for unusual noises, vibrations, smells, staining, deformation, cracks, scores, abrasion and wear. This indicates material fatigue.
	Inspect suspension system for cracks, dents, bumps, parts or leaking oil. Look at concealed sections on the pedelec's lower surface.
	If quick releases are used check them to make sure that they are fully closed in their end position.
	Be alert to any unusual operating sensations when braking, pedalling or steering.

6.10 Raising the kickstand

Use your foot to raise the kickstand completely before setting off.

6.11 Using the pannier rack

! CAUTION

Crash caused by loaded pannier rack

The pedelec is handled differently with a loaded pannier rack, in particular when the rider needs to steer and brake. This can lead to a loss of control. This may cause a crash with injuries.

➤ You should practice how to use a loaded pannier rack safely before using the pedelec in public spaces.

Crushing the fingers in the spring flap

The spring flap on the *pannier rack* operates with a high clamping force. There is a risk of crushing the fingers.

- ▶ Never allow the spring flap to snap shut in an uncontrolled manner.
- ▶ Be careful where you position your fingers when closing the spring flap.

Crash caused by unsecured baggage

Loose or unsecured objects on the *pannier rack*, e.g. belts, may become caught in the rear wheel. This may cause a crash with injuries. Objects which are fastened to the pannier rack may cover the *reflectors* and the *riding light*. Other users may not see the pedelec on public roads as a result. This may cause a crash with injuries.

- Secure any objects which are attached to the pannier rack sufficiently.
- Objects fastened to the pannier rack must never cover the reflectors, the headlight or the rear light.

- ▶ Distribute the baggage as evenly as possible between the left- and right-hand side.
- ▶ We recommend the use of panniers and baggage baskets.

The maximum load bearing capacity is indicated on the *pannier rack*.

- Never exceed the maximum permitted total weight when packing the pannier.
- ► Never exceed the maximum load bearing capacity of the pannier rack.
- ▶ Never modify the pannier rack.

6.12 Using the saddle

- ▶ Do not wear studded jeans as these can damage the saddle covering.
- Wear dark clothes for your first few rides as new leather saddles can stain clothing.

6.13 Rechargeable battery

✓ Switch off the battery and the drive system before removing or inserting the battery.

6.13.1 Removing the battery

1 Turn locking lever to left.

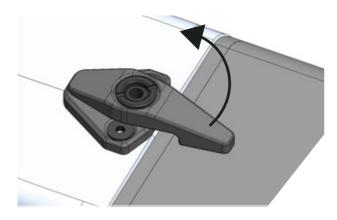


Figure 68: Opening the locking lever

- 2 Use your right hand to push the battery up into the frame.
- ⇒ The lock hook is disengaged in the frame.
- **3** Hold underneath the battery with your right hand. Press key towards the down tube.
- ⇒ The lock hook releases the battery.
- 4 The battery will now fall out of the frame or can be pulled out of the down tube, depending on how much space there is between the battery and down tube.
- 5 Remove the key from the lock.

6.13.2 Inserting the battery

- 1 Place the battery into the lower mount with the contacts facing the front.
- 2 Open the lock with the key.
- 3 Press the key towards the down tube and hold.
- ⇒ The lock hook in the frame clears the way for the battery.
- **4** Swivel the battery into the down tube. Apply a little pressure to push the battery into the frame.
- 5 Release the key.
- **6** The lock hook moves into the secure position and holds the battery.
- 7 Close the lock. Remove the key.
- 8 Turn locking lever to right.

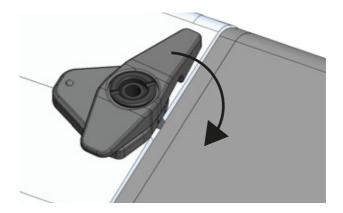


Figure 69: Closing the locking lever

9 Check the battery is firmly in position.

6.13.3 Charging the battery

- ✓ If an error occurs during the charging process, a system message is displayed. Remove the charger and battery from operation immediately and follow the instructions.
- ✓ Contact your specialist dealer if you are unable to recharge the battery or it is damaged.
- ✓ The battery can remain on the pedelec or can be removed for charging.
- 1 Remove the rubber cover from the battery.
- 2 Connect the mains plug of the charger to a normal domestic, grounded socket. Connect the charging cable to the battery's charging port.
- ⇒ The charging process starts automatically.
- ⇒ The LED light on the charger will light up once charging starts.

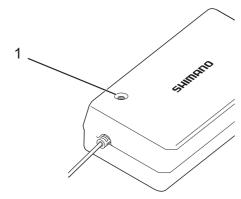


Figure 70: LED light on the charger

The LED light on the charger has three statuses:

Status	Meaning
Lit	The charger is recharging the battery.
Flashing	There is a charging error.
Switched off	Battery disconnected

▶ If an error occurs during the charging process, a system message is displayed. Remove the charger and battery from operation immediately and follow the instructions.

- ► Regularly check the current battery level. To do this, press the **On-Off button** (battery).
- ⇒ The LEDS on the battery show light patterns. The LED light patterns are lit (■), non-lit (□) and flashing (□).

Light pattern meaning

100 - 81%
80 - 61%
60 - 41%
40 - 21%
20 - 1%
0% when the battery is not fitted to the pedelec 0% when the battery is fitted to
 the pedelec

Table 31: Charge level of the battery

 ⇒ The charging process is complete when the LEDs on the operating status and battery level indicator go out.

6.14 Electric drive system

6.14.1 Switching on the drive system

! CAUTION

Crash caused by lack of readiness for braking

When it is switched on, the drive system can be activated by the application of force on the pedals. There is a risk of a crash if the drive is activated unintentionally and the brake is not reached.

- Never start the electric drive system, or switch it off immediately, if the brake cannot be reached safely and reliably.
- ✓ A sufficiently charged battery has been inserted into the pedelec.
- ✓ Never place your feet on the pedals when switching on. If the pedals are moved when switching on, a system error is caused.
- ✓ The battery is firmly in place. The key has been removed.
- The system cannot be switched on while charging.

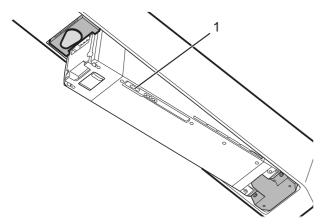


Figure 71: On-off button on the battery

- ▶ Press the On-Off button (battery) briefly.
- ⇒ The LED light will light up and indicate the remaining battery capacity.
- ⇒ If the drive system is switched on, the drive is activated as soon as the pedals are moved with sufficient force.

6.14.2 Switching off the drive system

The system switches off automatically ten minutes after the last command.

You can also switch off the drive system on the battery.

- Press and hold the On-Off button (battery) for 6 seconds.
- ➡ If the drive system is switched on, the drive is activated as soon as the pedals are moved with sufficient force.

6.15 Display screen

Notice

Never use the on-board computer as a handle. The on-board computer may become irreparably damaged if you use it to lift the pedelec.

The electric drive system is operated using the onboard computer (II) and the left-hand control panel (I). The right-hand control panel (III) switches the gears.

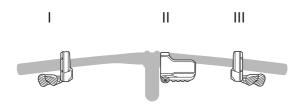


Figure 72: Overview of control panel position

Depending on the model, there can be three different control panels:

- · 3-switch control panel
- · 2-switch control panel
- · MTB control panel

The *on-board computer* has one button (1) and a display screen (2).

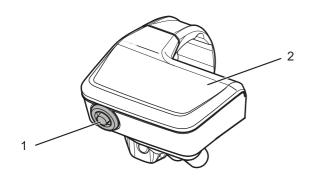


Figure 73: SC-EM800 on-board computer details

Function		
WHEN RIDING		
BUTTON Switch journey data displayed		
WHEN SETTING		
	Change display or confirm setting change	

3-switch control panel

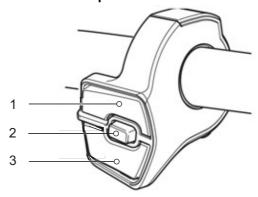


Figure 74: Overview of 3-switch control panel

- 1 Switch X
- 2 Switch A
- 3 Switch Y

2-switch control panel

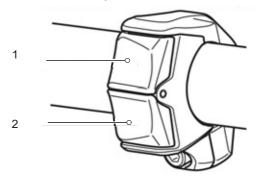


Figure 75: 2-switch control panel

- 1 Switch X
- 2 Switch Y

MTB control panel

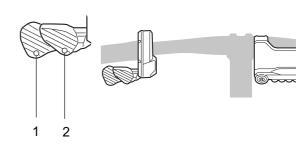


Figure 76: MTB control panel

- 1 Switch Y
- 2 Switch X

If there is no switch A on the control panel, the button on the on-board computer will assume these functions.

Control panel on the right side of the handlebars

Switch	Function	
WHEN RIDING		
X	Change up	
Υ	Change down	
Α	Switch between automatic and manual gear shift	

Control panel on the left side of the handlebars

Switch	Function	
WHEN RIDING		
X	Increase level of assistance	
Υ	Reduce level of assistance	
A	Switch journey data displayed	
WHEN ADJUSTING		
X	Move cursor or change the settings	
Υ	Move cursor or change the settings	
A	Change display or confirm setting change	

6.15.1 Using the riding light

The riding light is either constantly on or constantly off. The setting is changed in the system settings.

6.15.2 Selecting the level of assistance

The following levels of assistance are available.

Display	Details
BOOST	High level of assistance.
TRAIL	Normal assistance
ECO	Low level of assistance
OFF	Assistance off
WALK	Activated push assist

Table 32: Overview of levels of assistance

- ► Press switch Y (left) once to increase the level of assistance.
- Press switch X (left) to reduce the level of assistance.

6.15.3 Using the push assist system



Injury caused by pedals

The pedals turn when using the push assist due to the system design.

- You must steer the pedelec securely with both hands when using push assist.
- ► Allow for enough freedom of movement for the pedals.

The push assist helps the rider to push the pedelec. The speed can be a maximum of 6 km/h in this case. The tractive power of the push assist and its speed can be influenced by the selection of gear. We recommend using first gear for cycling uphill to protect the drive.

6.15.3.1 Selecting WALK level of assistance

- ► Press and hold switch Y (left).
- ⇒ The WALK level of assistance is displayed.
- ➡ If a warning is sounded during switchover, it is impossible to switch to the WALK level of assistance. This may be due to the current speed not being 0 km/h, pressure being applied to the pedals or similar.
- Release switch Y (left).

6.15.3.2 Switching on the push assist

Press switch Y (left) to switch on push assist.

6.15.3.3 Switching off the push assist

Release switch Y (left) to switch off push assist.

6.15.3.4 Exit WALK level of assistance

▶ Push switch X (left) to change from the WALK level of assistance to the level of assistance last used. If switch Y (left) is not pushed for longer than one minute, the level of assistance is reset to the level of assistance used previously.

6.15.4 Switching the journey information

The displayed journey information can be switched.







Figure 77: Changing from main display screen to DST display, example

▶ Press the button (display) or switch A until the required journey information is displayed. The sequence is as follows:

Display	Function
-	The current speed is displayed on the main display screen
DST	Distance travelled since the last reset
ODO	Display of the total distance travelled (cannot be changed)
RANGE	Estimated range of the available battery charge *1
TIME	Trip time *2
AVG	Average speed *2
MAX	Maximum achieved speed *2
PEDALLING FREQUENCY	Number of crank revolutions per minute *2
CLOCK	Current time *2

Table 33: Journey information

- *1 The range should be used for guidance purposes only. The value is not displayed in assistance mode [OFF].
- *2 The display of values is managed in the E-Tube project.

6.15.5 Opening the settings menu

- ✓ You can only change the settings when you stop.
- ✓ The main display screen appears.
- 1 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The settings menu is displayed.







Figure 78: Opening the settings menu

Settings menu structure

\rightarrow CLEAR	Clears the settings
→ CLOCK	Adjusts the time
→ BRIGHTNESS	Adjusts display screen brightness
\rightarrow BEEP	Switches the beep on and off
→ UNIT	Adjusts journey distance unit: km/h or m.p.h.
→ LANGUAGE	Adjusts language
→ DISPLAY SPEED	Adjusts the displayed speed
→ LIGHT	Light is automatically switched on or off when system is started up.
→ START MODE	Adjusts the gear level when setting off.
→ ADJUST LEVEL OF ASSIST.	Adjusts levels of assistance
→ GEAR SETTING	Activates the RD protection reset
\rightarrow EXIT	Returns to the main screen

6.15.6 Closing the settings menu

- 1 Press switch X or switch Y until EXIT is selected.
- 2 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The main display screen appears.

6.15.6.1 Deleting all saved values

The saved DST value (distance travelled) can be cleared together with TIME (trip time), AVG (average speed) and MAX (maximum speed). There are two ways to do this.

Deleting values in the settings menu

- ✓ The settings menu is opened.
- Press switch X or switch Y until CLEAR is selected.
- ▶ Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ There are two selection options:

EXIT Returns to the menu list display

screen

DST Clears the journey information

- Press switch X or switch Y until DST is highlighted.
- ▶ Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The data have been cleared. The settings menu is displayed.

Clearing values in the DST display

- ✓ The main display screen opens.
- Press the button (display) or switch A repeatedly until DST is displayed.



Figure 79: DST is displayed

- 2 Press the button (display) or switch A until the displayed distance travelled starts flashing.
- Within the next 5 seconds, press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ DST (distance travelled), TIME (trip time), AVG (average speed) and MAX (maximum speed) are reset to zero.
- ⇒ If no button or switch is pressed within 5 seconds, the main display screen appears.

6.15.6.2 Adjusting the time

- ✓ The *settings menu* is opened.
- Press switch X or switch Y until CLOCK is highlighted.
- 2 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The clock settings menu appears. The hour indicator is highlighted.



Figure 80: Clock settings menu

- 3 Press switch X or switch Y repeatedly until the correct hour is displayed. Press and hold switch X or switch Y to change the values quickly.
- 4 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The minute indicator is highlighted.
- 5 Press switch X or switch Y repeatedly until the correct minutes value is displayed. Press and hold switch X or switch Y to change the values quickly.
- ▶ Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The clock has been set. The settings menu is displayed.

6.15.6.3 Changing the brightness

- ✓ The settings menu is opened.
- 1 Press switch X or switch Y until BRIGHTNESS is highlighted.
- 2 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The brightness settings menu appears.



Figure 81: Brightness settings menu

- ⇒ Press **switch X** or **switch Y** until the desired brightness is highlighted.
- 3 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The brightness has been changed. The settings menu is displayed.

6.15.6.4 Changing the beep sound

- ✓ The settings menu is opened.
- 1 Press switch X or switch Y until BEEP is highlighted.
- 2 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ There are two selection options:

ON Beep sound always on.
OFF Beep sound always off.

- 3 Press switch X or switch Y until the desired function is highlighted.
- 4 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The beep sound has been changed. The settings menu is displayed.

6.15.6.5 Changing the units

- ✓ The settings menu is opened.
- 1 Press switch X or switch Y until BRIGHTNESS is highlighted.
- 2 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ There are two selection options:

KM Unit in km MILE Unit in miles

- 3 Press switch X or switch Y until the desired function is highlighted.
- 4 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The unit has been changed. The settings menu is displayed.

6.15.6.6 Changing the language

- ✓ The settings menu is opened.
- 1 Press switch X or switch Y until LANGUAGE is highlighted
- 2 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ Six different languages can be selected:
- · English
- · Français
- Deutsch
- Nederlands
- Italiano
- Español
- 3 Press switch X or switch Y until the desired language is highlighted.
- 4 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The language has been changed. The settings menu is displayed.

6.15.6.7 Changing the displayed speed

If there is a difference between the speed displayed on this product and the speed displayed on another device, the displayed value can be changed. This adjustment does not affect the motor's maximum speed of 25 km/h.

- ✓ The settings menu is opened.
- 1 Press switch X or switch Y until DISPLAY SPEED is highlighted
- 2 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The speed settings menu appears.

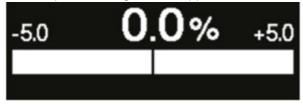


Figure 82: Speed settings menu

Increase value Increases the displayed speed

value.

Reduce value Reduces the displayed speed

value.

- 3 Press switch X or switch Y until the change is highlighted.
- 4 Press the button (display) or switch A
- ⇒ The displayed speed is changed. The settings menu is displayed.

6.15.6.8 Automatic light setting

- ✓ The settings menu is opened.
- 1 Press switch X or switch Y until START MODE is highlighted.
- 2 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ There are two selection options:

ON The light is always on when the system

is switched on.

OFF The light is always off when the system

is switched on.

3 Press switch X or switch Y until the desired function is highlighted.

- 4 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The light setting has been changed. The settings menu is displayed.

6.15.6.9 Adjusting the start gear

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

- ✓ It is only possible to adjust the gear shift if using an electronic gear shift.
- ✓ The settings menu is opened.
- 1 Press switch X or switch Y until LIGHT is highlighted.
- 2 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The start gear settings menu appears.



Figure 83: Start gear settings menu

⇒ There are two selection options:

[1], [2], ... Select start gear *3

OFF No start gear



*3 Your specialist dealer can adjust a start gear up to the maximum gear level on the gear shift mounted on the pedelec.

- 3 Press switch X or switch Y until the desired function is highlighted.
- 4 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The start gear has been changed. The settings menu is displayed.

6.15.6.10Changing level of assistance

The ride comfort of the pedelec depends on the maximum torque of the drive unit and how much drive force is applied when pedalling. The Shimano drive system has several recommended, registered settings that can be changed as desired. The settings can be adjusted to individual requirements. Depending on the setting, the battery consumption may increase and the supported travel range may be considerably reduced.

Details of the settings can be read in E-TUBE PROJECT. For details, see the service instructions in E-TUBE PROJECT.

- ✓ The *settings menu* is opened.
- 1 Press switch X or switch Y until ADJUST LEVEL OF ASSIST. is highlighted.
- 2 Press thebutton (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The level of assistance settings menu appears. There are two selection options:
- PROFILE 1 Change the level of assistance using the values stored in Profile 1
- PROFILE 2 Change the level of assistance using the values stored in Profile 2
- 3 Press switch X or switch Y until the desired function is highlighted.
- 4 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The levels of assistance have been changed.
 The settings menu is displayed.

6.15.6.11Adjusting the gear shift

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

- ✓ It is only possible to adjust the gear shift if using an electronic gear shift.
- ✓ The settings menu is opened.
- 1 Press switch X or switch Y until LIGHT is highlighted.
- 2 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The gear shift settings menu appears.



Figure 84: Gear shift settings menu

Increase value Increases value when pedalling

is too difficult.

Reduce value Reduces value when pedalling

is too difficult.

- 3 Press switch X or switch Y until the desired function is highlighted.
- 4 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ The gear shift setting has been changed. The settings menu is displayed.

6.15.6.12RD protection reset

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

✓ It is only possible to perform the RD protection reset shift if using an electronic gear shift.

The RD protection function will immediately trigger to protect the system if the pedelec is exposed to a severe impact – due to a fall, for example. The connection between the motor and the link is interrupted instantly, rendering the rear derailleur inoperable.

If you open RD PROTECTION RESET, the connection between the motor and link is reestablished and the rear derailleur function reset.

- ✓ The settings menu is opened.
- 1 Press switch X or switch Y until RD PROTECTION RESET is highlighted.
- 2 Press the button (display) or switch A.
- ⇒ There are two selection options:

OK RD protection reset is carried out Cancel Return to the settings menu

- 3 Hold **switch X** or **switch Y** until the desired function is highlighted.
- 4 Press the button (display) or switch A
- **5** Turn the crank clockwise with the rear wheel raised
- ⇒ The rear derailleur moves and the connection between the motor and link is re-established. The settings menu is displayed.

6.15.7 Starting the ANT connection

- 1 Switch on the drive system.
- 2 Switch the external device to connection mode. Please follow the operating instructions for the external device.
- ⇒ The devices are connected.

6.15.8 Starting the Bluetooth® LE connection

- 1 Switch the external device to connection mode. Please follow the operating instructions for the external device.
- 2 Switch on the drive system.
- 3 A connection is established within 30 seconds of switching on and within 30 seconds of pressing any button or switch (except the On-Off button).

6.16 Brake

WARNING

Crash caused by brake failure

If the brakes are applied continuously for a long time (e.g. while riding downhill for a long time), the fluid in the brake system may heat up. This may create a vapour bubble. Any air bubbles or water contained in the brake system may expand due to heat. This may suddenly make the lever travel wider. This may cause a crash with serious injuries.

- ► Release the brake regularly when riding downhill for a longer period of time.
- Never use the pedelec if the brakes don't work properly or you can feel no resistance when you grip the brake handle. Consult a specialist dealer.

The drive force of the motor is shut off during the ride as soon as the rider no longer pedals. The drive system does not switch off when braking.

Correct handling of the brake helps control the pedelec and prevents crashes.

- ► In order to achieve optimum braking results, do not pedal while braking.
- ► Shift your body weight backwards and down as far as possible.
- ▶ Practice braking and emergency braking before using the pedelec in public spaces.

6.16.1 Using the brake lever

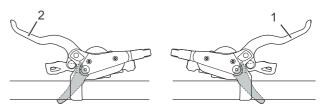


Figure 85: Front (2) and rear (1) brake lever – Shimano brake used as an example

- ▶ Push the left-hand *brake lever* to apply the *front* wheel brake.
- ▶ Push the right-hand *brake lever* to apply the *rear* wheel brake.

6.17 Suspension and damping

6.17.1 Suspension fork compression adjuster

The compression adjuster makes it possible to make quick adjustments to the fork's suspension behaviour to adapt to changes in terrain. It is intended for adjustments made during the ride. The compression adjuster controls the compression lifting speed or the rate at which the fork deflects slow impacts. The compression adjuster influences the absorption of bumps and its efficiency when the rider's weight shifts or

during transitions, cornering, uniform impacts caused by bumps and when braking.

When optimally adjusted, the fork counteracts deflection, stays higher in its deflection range and helps the rider to maintain speed while riding on hilly parts of terrain. The fork deflects quickly and unhindered when the bike hits a bump and absorbs the bump. Traction is retained (blue line).



Figure 86: Optimum performance on hilly terrain

Compression adjuster set to hard

- Causes the suspension fork to move higher within the deflection range. This makes it easier for the rider to improve efficiency and maintain momentum over uniformly hilly terrain and around bends.
- Deflection may feel somewhat harder on more rugged terrain.

Compression adjuster set to soft

- Causes the fork to deflect quickly and easily. This
 may make it easier for the rider to maintain speed
 and momentum when riding over more rugged
 terrain.
- Deflection may feel somewhat less hard on more rugged terrain.

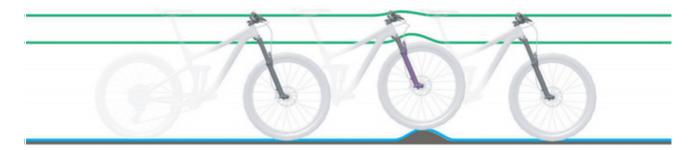


Figure 87: Optimum performance over bumps

When optimally adjusted, the fork deflects quickly and unhindered when the bike hits bumps and absorbs a bump. Traction is retained (blue line). The fork responds quickly to the bump. The headset and handlebars rise slightly when absorbing a bump (green line).

Threshold

The damping threshold prevents deflection until a medium impact or downward force occurs. Threshold mode increases drive efficiency over level terrain.

The threshold setting can be used to improve pedalling efficiency over flat, hilly, level or slightly rugged terrain. In threshold mode, higher pedelec speeds lead to greater impact force when a pedelec hits a bump, causing the fork to deflect, and the bump is absorbed.

The fork threshold

- When the compression adjuster is in the open position (against the stop in an anti-clockwise direction), the suspension fork deflects quickly and unhindered through its entire deflection range when an impact or downward force occurs.
- When the compression adjuster is in the threshold position, the suspension fork counteracts deflection until a medium impact or downward force occurs.
- When the compression adjuster is in the blocked position (against the stop in a clockwise direction), the suspension fork counteracts deflection throughout its deflection range until a strong impact or downward force occurs.

The rear frame damper threshold

- When the compression adjuster is in the open position, the rear frame damper deflects quickly and unhindered through its entire deflection range.
- When the compression adjuster is in the threshold position, the rear frame damper counteracts deflection until a medium impact or downward force occurs.
- When the compression adjuster is in the blocked position, the rear frame damper counteracts deflection throughout its deflection range until a strong impact or downward force occurs.

6.17.1.1 Adjusting the Suntour compression adjuster

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment



Figure 88: Suntour compression adjuster in open (1) and closed (2) position

- ► The compression adjuster is open in the OPEN position.
- ► The compression adjuster is blocked in the LOCK position.
- ➤ The positions between OPEN and LOCK provide fine adjustment of compression damping. We recommend setting the compression adjuster to the OPEN position first.

6.17.1.2 Adjusting the RockShox compression adjuster

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

➤ Turn the compression adjustment ring clockwise to increase damping in the compression adjuster (hard).



Figure 89: Changing compression adjuster to a harder setting

- ► Turn the compression adjustment ring anticlockwise to decrease damping in the compression adjuster (soft).
- ➤ Turn the compression adjustment ring to the threshold position to activate the threshold function.



Figure 90: Changing compression adjuster to a softer setting

6.17.1.3 Adjusting the RockShox rear frame damper threshold

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

- ► Turn the **threshold lever** to the threshold position (2) to activate the threshold function.
- ▶ Place the threshold lever in the open position (1) to ensure that the damper deflects quickly and unhindered.

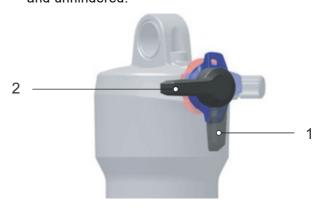


Figure 91: The lever's open position (1) and threshold position (2)

6.18 Gear shift

The selection of the appropriate gear is a prerequisite for a physically comfortable ride and making sure that the electric drive system functions properly. The ideal pedalling frequency is between 70 and 80 revolutions per minute.

► Stop pedalling briefly when changing gears. This makes it easier to switch gears and reduces wear on the drivetrain.

6.18.1 Using the derailleur gears

The speed and range can be increased while applying the same force if you select the right gear. Use the derailleur gears.

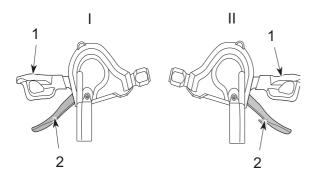


Figure 92: Down shifter (1) and up shifter (2) on the left (I) and right (II) gear shift

- ▶ Select the appropriate gear with the shifter.
- ⇒ The gear shift switches the gear.
- ⇒ The shifter returns to its original position.
- ► Clean and lubricate the rear derailleur if gear changes block.

6.19 Parking the pedelec

Notice

Heat or direct sunlight can cause the *tyre pressure* to increase above the permitted maximum pressure. This can destroy the *tyres*.

- Never park the pedelec in the sun.
- On hot days, regularly check the tyre pressure and adjust it as necessary.

Moisture penetrating at low temperatures may impair individual functions due to the open structural design.

- Always keep the pedelec dry and free from frost.
- ▶ If the pedelec is to be used at temperatures below 3 °C, the specialist dealer must carry out an inspection and prepare it for winter use.

The pedelec's force of weight may cause the kickstand to sink into soft ground, possible causing the pedelec to topple over as a result.

- ▶ Park the pedelec on firm, level ground only.
- 1 Switch off the drive system (see Section 6.14.2).
- 2 After getting off, use your foot to lower the kickstand completely before parking. Ensure that it is stable.
- 3 Park the pedelec carefully and check that it is stable.
- 4 Cleaning the suspension fork and pedals (see Section 7.1.)
- **5** Protect the saddle with a saddle cover if you park the pedelec outside.
- 6 Secure the pedelec with a bicycle lock.
- 7 Remove the battery (see Section 6.13) and, where necessary, your mobile (see Section 6.8.4) to ensure protection against theft.

7 Cleaning and servicing

Cleaning check list

Clean the pedals	after each ride
Suspension fork	after each ride
Cleaning the battery	once a month
Chain	every 250–300 km
Basic cleaning and preservation of all components	at least every six months
Clean the charger	at least every six months

Maintenance check list

Check USB rubber cover position	before each ride
Check for tyre wear	once a week
Check for rim wear	once a week
Check tyre pressure	once a week
Check brakes for wear	once a month
Check electrical cables and Bowden cables for damage and ensure they are fully functional	once a month
Check chain tension	once a month
Check tension of the spokes	every three months
Check the gear shift setting	every three months
Check suspension fork and, if necessary, rear frame damper for wear and ensure fully functional	every three months
Check for wear on brake discs	at least every six months



Crash caused by brake failure

Oil or lubricant on the brake disc in a disc brake or on the rim of a rim brake can cause the brake to fail completely. This may cause a crash with serious injuries.

- ▶ Never allow oil or lubricant to come into contact with the brake disc or brake linings or on the rim of a rim brake.
- If the brake linings have come into contact with oil or lubricant, contact a dealer or a workshop to have the components cleaned or replaced.
- ► Apply the brakes a few times to test them after cleaning, servicing or repair

The brake system is not designed for use on a pedelec which is placed on its side or turned upside down. The brake may not function correctly as a result. This can cause a crash, which may result in injuries.

▶ If the pedelec is placed on its side or turned upside down, apply the brakes a couple of times before setting off to ensure that they work as normal



Crash and falling caused by unintentional activation

There is a risk of injury if the drive system is activated unintentionally.

Remove the battery before cleaning.

Notice

Water may enter the inside of the bearings if you use a steam jet. This dilutes the lubricant inside, the friction increases and, as a result, the bearings are permanently damaged in the long term.

▶ Never clean the pedelec with a pressure washer.

Greased parts, such as the seat post, the handlebars or the stem, may no longer be safely and reliably clamped.

Never apply grease or oil to clamping sections.

The brake system is not designed for use on a pedelec which is placed on its side or turned upside down. The brake may not function correctly as a result. This can cause a crash, which may result in injuries.

If the pedelec is placed on its side or turned upside down, apply the brakes a couple of times before setting off to ensure that they work as normal.

Servicing measures must be performed regularly. Contact your specialist dealer if you are unsure.

7.1 Cleaning after each ride

Required tools and cleaning agents:

- Cloth
- Air pump
- Brush
- Water
- Dish-washing liquid
- Bucket

7.1.1 Cleaning the suspension fork

- ► Remove dirt and deposits from the stanchions and deflector seals with a damp cloth.
- ► Check the stanchions for dents, scratches, staining or leaking oil.
- ▶ Lubricate the dust seals and stanchions.

7.1.2 Cleaning the pedals

- Clean with a brush and soapy water after riding through dirt or rain.
- ⇒ Service the pedals after cleaning.

7.2 Basic cleaning

Required tools and cleaning agents:

- Cloths
- Sponge
- Air pump
- Brush
- Toothbrush
- Paintbrush
- Watering can
- Bucket
- Water
- Dish-washing liquid
- Degreaser
- Lubricant
- Brake cleaner or spirit
- Remove battery and on-board computer before thorough cleaning.

7.2.1 Cleaning the frame

- Soak the entire frame with dish-washing detergent if the dirt is thick and ingrained.
- **2** After leaving it to soak for a short time, remove the dirt and mud with a sponge, brush and toothbrushes.
- **3** Use a watering can or your hand to rinse the frame.
- 4 Service the frame after cleaning.

7.2.2 Cleaning the stem

- 1 Clean stem with a cloth and soapy water.
- 2 Service the stem after cleaning.

7.2.3 Cleaning the wheel

MARNING

Crash caused by braking hard on rims

A rim can break and block the wheel if you brake hard. This may cause a crash with serious injuries.

Check rim wear on a regular basis.

- 1 Check the tyres, rims, spokes and spoke nipples for any damage while cleaning the wheel.
- 2 Use a sponge and a brush to clean the hub and spokes from the inside to the outside.
- 3 Clean the rim with a sponge.

7.2.4 Cleaning the drive elements

- 1 Spray the cassette, the chain wheels and the front derailleur with a degreasing agent.
- 2 Clean coarse dirt with a brush after soaking for a short time.
- **3** Wash down all parts with dish-washing detergent and a toothbrush.
- 4 Service the drive elements after cleaning.

7.2.5 Cleaning the chain

Notice

- Never use aggressive (acid-based) cleaners, rust removers or degreasers when cleaning the chain.
- ▶ Never use chain cleaning devices or chain cleaning baths.
- 1 Slightly dampen a brush with dish-washing liquid. Brush both sides of the chain.
- 2 Dampen a cloth with soapy water. Place the cloth on the chain.
- 3 Hold and apply slight pressure while slowly turning the rear wheel, so the chain passes through the cloth.
- 4 If the chain is still dirty afterwards, clean with lubricant.
- 5 Service the chain after cleaning.

7.2.6 Cleaning the battery

!CAUTION

Risk of fire and explosion due to penetration by water

The battery is only protected from simple spray water. Penetration by water can cause a short circuit. The battery may self-ignite and explode.

- ► Never clean the battery with a pressure washer, water jet or compressed air.
- Keep contacts dry and clean.
- ▶ Never immerse the battery in water.
- ▶ Never use cleaning agents.
- ▶ Remove the battery from the pedelec before cleaning.

Notice

- ► Never clean the battery with solvents, such as oil, thinners, alcohol or corrosion protection, or with cleaning agents.
- ► Clean the battery electrical connections with a dry cloth or paintbrush only.
- ► Wipe off the decorative sides with a damp cloth.

7.2.7 Cleaning the on-board computer

Notice

If water enters the on-board computer, it will be permanently damaged.

- ► Never immerse the on-board computer in water.
- ▶ Never clean with a pressure washer, water jet or compressed air.
- ▶ Never use cleaning agents.
- Remove the on-board computer from the pedelec before cleaning.
- Carefully clean the on-board computer with a soft, damp cloth.

7.2.8 Cleaning the motor

Notice

If water penetrates the motor, it will be permanently damaged.

- ▶ Never immerse the motor in water.
- Never clean with a pressure washer, water jet or compressed air.
- Never use cleaning agents.
- Carefully clean the motor with a soft, damp cloth.

7.2.9 Cleaning the brake

NWARNING

Brake failure due to water penetration

The brake seals are unable to withstand high pressures. Damaged brakes can fail and cause an accident with injury.

- ► Never clean the pedelec with a pressure washer or compressed air.
- ► Take great care when using a hosepipe. Never point the water jet directly at the seal section.
- ► Clean brake and brake discs with a brush, water and dish-washing detergent.
- ► Clean brake discs thoroughly with brake cleaner or spirit.

7.2.10 Cleaning the saddle

Notice

- ▶ Never clean with a pressure washer.
- ▶ Never clean with solvent or chemical agents.
- ► Clean the saddle with lukewarm water and a cloth dampened with natural soap.

7.3 Servicing

Required tools and cleaning agents:

- Cloths
- Toothbrushes
- Dish-washing liquid
- Care oil for frames
- Silicone or Teflon oil
- Acid-free lubricating grease
- Fork oil
- Chain oil
- Degreaser
- Spray oil
- Teflon spray

7.3.1 Servicing the frame

- ▶ Dry the frame.
- ► Spray with care oil.
- ▶ Clean off the care oil again after a short time.

7.3.2 Servicing the stem

- ▶ Apply silicone or Teflon oil to the stem shaft tube and the quick release lever pivot point.
- If you have speedlifter Twist, also apply oil to the unlocking bolt using the groove in the speedlifter body.
- ▶ Apply a little acid-free lubricant grease between the stem quick release lever and the sliding piece to reduce the quick release lever operating force.

7.3.3 Maintaining the suspension fork

► Treat the dust seals with fork oil.

7.3.4 Servicing the drive elements

► Treat front and rear derailleur articulated shafts and jockey wheels with Teflon spray.

7.3.5 Servicing the pedals

► Treat pedals with spray oil.

7.3.6 Servicing the chain

▶ Lubricate the chain thoroughly with chain oil.

7.4 Maintenance

The following maintenance measures must be performed on a regular basis.

7.4.1 Wheel

! WARNING

Crash caused by braking hard on rims

A rim can break and block the wheel if you brake hard. This may cause a crash with serious injuries.

- ► Check rim wear on a regular basis.
- 1 Check the tyres for wear.
- 2 Check the tyre pressure.
- 3 Check the rims for wear.
- ⇒ The rims of a rim brake with invisible wear indicator are worn as soon as the wear indicator becomes visible in the area of the rim joint.
- ⇒ The rims with visible wear indicator are worn as soon as the black, all-round groove on the pad friction surface is no longer visible. We recommend that you also replace the *rims* with every second brake lining replacement.
- 4 Check the tension of the spokes.

7.4.1.1 Checking the tyres

- ► Check the tyre wear. The tyre is worn if the anti-puncture protection or the carcass cords are visible.
- A specialist dealer will need to change the tyre if it is worn.

7.4.1.2 Checking the rims

- ► Check the *rims* for wear. The rims are worn as soon as the black, all-round groove on the pad friction surface becomes invisible.
- Contact your specialist dealer to have the rims replaced. We recommend that you also replace the *rims* at the same time as every second brake lining replacement.

7.4.1.3 Checking and adjusting the tyre pressure

Notice

If the tyre pressure is too low in the tyre, the tyre does not achieve its load bearing capacity. The tyre is not stable and may come off the rim.

If the tyre pressure is too high, the tyre may burst.

- ► Check the tyre pressure against the specifications.
- ► Adjust the tyre pressure as necessary.

Dunlop valve

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment



The tyre pressure cannot be measured on the simple Dunlop valve. The tyre pressure is therefore measured in the filling hose when pumping slowly with the bicycle pump.

It is recommendable to use a bicycle pump with a pressure gauge. The operating instructions for the bicycle pump must be adhered to.

1 Unscrew and remove the valve

сар.

- 2 Connect the bicycle pump.
- **3** Pump up the tyre slowly and pay attention to the tyre pressure in the process.
- 4 Correct the tyre pressure according to specifications in the Pedelec pass.
- 5 If the tyre pressure is too high, unfasten the union nut, let air out and re-tighten the union nut.
- 6 Remove the bicycle pump.
- 7 Screw the valve cap tight.
- 8 Screw the rim nut gently against the rim with the tips of your fingers.

Presta valve

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment



- It is recommendable to use a bicycle pump with a pressure gauge. The operating instructions for the bicycle pump must be adhered to.
- 1 Unscrew and remove the valve cap.
- **2** Open the knurled nut around four turns.
- 3 Carefully apply the bicycle pump so that the valve

insert is not bent.

- **4** Pump up the tyre slowly and pay attention to the tyre pressure in the process.
- **5** Correct the tyre pressure as per the specifications on the tyre.
- 6 Remove the bicycle pump.
- 7 Tighten the knurled nut with your fingers.
- 8 Screw the valve cap tight.
- **9** Screw the rim nut gently against the rim with the tips of your fingers.

7.4.1.4 Checking and adjusting the tyre pressure – Schrader valve



Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

- ✓ It is recommendable to use a bicycle pump with a pressure gauge. The operating instructions for the bicycle pump must be adhered to.
- 1 Unscrew and remove the valve cap.
- 2 Attach the bicycle pump.
- **3** Pump up the tyre slowly and pay attention to the tyre pressure in the process.
- ⇒ The tyre pressure has been adjusted as per the specifications.
- 4 Remove the bicycle pump.
- 5 Screw the valve cap tight.
- **6** Screw the rim nut (1) gently against the rim with the tips of your fingers.

7.4.2 Brake system



Crash caused by brake failure

Worn brake discs and brake linings, as well as a lack of hydraulic fluid in the brake cable, reduce the braking power. This may cause a crash with injuries.

Check the brake disc, brake linings and hydraulic brake system on a regular basis. Contact your specialist dealer if any of these components have become worn.

The maintenance interval for the brake depends on the weather conditions and how frequent the bicycle is used. If the pedelec is used under extreme conditions such as rain, dirt or high mileage, maintenance must be performed more frequently.

7.4.3 Checking the brake linings for wear

Check brake linings after brake has been fully applied 1,000 times.

- 1 Check that the brake linings are no less than 1.8 mm wide at any point and there are no less than 2.5 mm between the brake lining and supporting plate.
- 2 Push brake lever and hold. In doing so, check whether the transport safety wear gauge can fit between the brake lining supporting plates.
- ⇒ The brake linings have not reached their wear limit. Contact your specialist dealer if they are worn.

7.4.4 Checking the pressure point

- ► Pull brake lever and hold repeatedly several times.
- ⇒ If you are unable to clearly detect the pressure point and it changes, the brake needs to be vented. Contact your specialist dealer.

7.4.5 Checking the brake discs for wear

- ► Check that the brake disc measures no less than 1.8 mm in depth at any point.
- ⇒ The brake discs have not reached their wear limit yet; brake discs need to be replaced if they have. Contact your specialist dealer.

7.4.6 Checking the electrical cables and brake cables

► Check all visible electrical cables and Bowden cables for damage. If the sheathing is compressed, a brake is defective or a light does not work, the pedelec must be removed from service until the lines and cables have been repaired. Contact your specialist dealer.

7.4.7 Checking the gear shift

► Check the gear shift and the *shifter* and *gear twist grip* settings and adjust as necessary.

7.4.8 Checking the stem

- ➤ The stem and quick release system must be inspected at regular intervals. The specialist dealer should adjust them if necessary.
- ▶ If the hexagon socket head screw is also loosened, the headset backlash also needs to be adjusted. Medium-strength thread locker, such as Loctite blue, then needs to be applied to the loosened screws and the screws tightened as per specifications.
- ► Contact your specialist dealer if there is any wear or signs of corrosion.

7.4.9 Checking the USB port

► Regularly check the position of the *cover on the USB port* and adjust it as necessary.

7.4.10 Checking the chain tension

Notice

Excessive chain tension increases wear. If the chain tension is too low, there is a risk that the *chain* will slip off the *chain wheels*.

- ▶ Check the chain tension once a month.
- 1 Check the chain tension in three or four positions, turning the crank a full revolution.

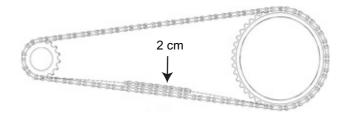


Figure 93: Checking the chain tension

- 2 If the *chain* can be pushed more than 2 cm, the *chain* will need to be re-tensioned by your specialist dealer.
- **3** If the *chain* can only be pushed up and down less than 1 cm, the *chain* needs to be slackened as required.
- ➡ The ideal chain tension has been achieved if the *chain* can be pushed a maximum of 2 cm in the middle between the pinion and the toothed wheel. The crank must also turn without resistance.
- 4 If a hub gear is fitted, the rear wheel must be pushed backwards and forwards to tighten the chain. Contact your specialist dealer.
- **5** Check the handlebar grip is firmly in position.



B Maintenance

WARNING

Injury due to damaged brakes

Special tools and specialist knowledge are required to repair the brakes. Incorrect or unauthorised assembly can damage the brakes. This may lead to an accident with injuries.

- Only specialist dealers may carry out repairs on brakes.
- Only carry out work or changes, such as dismantling, sanding or painting, which are permitted and described in the brake operating instructions.

Injury to the eyes

Problems may arise if the settings are not made properly and you may sustain serious injuries as a result.

Always wear safety glasses during maintenance work.

/ CAUTION

Crash and falling caused by unintentional activation

There is a risk of injury if the drive system is activated unintentionally.

Remove the battery before inspection.

Crash caused by material fatigue

If the service life of a component has expired, the component may suddenly fail. This may cause a crash with injuries.

Have the specialist dealer carry out basic cleaning of the pedelec every six months, preferably at the same time as the required servicing work.

CAUTION

Hazard for the environment due to toxic substances

The brake system contains toxic and environmentally harmful oils and lubricants. Such fluids will contaminate if they enter the sewers or groundwater.

Dispose of lubricants and oils left over after repairs in an environmentally responsible way in accordance with statutory regulations.

Notice

The motor is maintenance-free and only qualified specialist personnel may open it.

▶ Never open the motor.

You must have the specialist dealer perform maintenance every six months as a minimum. This is the only way to ensure that the pedelec remains safe and fully functional. No matter whether disc brakes need replacing, brakes venting or wheels changing, many maintenance tasks require technical expertise, special tools and special lubricants. The pedelec may become damaged if the stipulated maintenance intervals and procedures are not carried out. That is why only specialist dealers may carry out maintenance.

- ➤ The retailer will check the pedelec based on the maintenance instructions in Section 11.3.
- ► The specialist dealer will inspect the pedelec for any signs of material fatigue during basic cleaning.
- ➤ The specialist dealer will check the software version of the drive system and update it. The electrical connections are checked, cleaned and preservative agent is applied. The electrical cables are inspected for damage.
- ▶ The specialist dealer will dismantle and clean the entire suspension fork interior and exterior. They will clean and lubricate the dust seals and slide bushings, check the torques and adjust the fork to the rider's preferred position. They will also replace the sliding collar if the clearance is too great (more than 1mm on the fork bridge).

- ► The specialist dealer will fully inspect the interior and exterior of the rear frame damper, overhaul the rear frame damper, replace all air seals on air forks, overhaul the air suspension, change the oil and replace the dust wipers.
- ▶ They will pay particular attention to rim and brake wear. The spokes are re-tightened in accordance with the findings.

8.1 Suspension system

The correct execution of maintenance on the suspension system not only guarantees a long service life, but also ensures optimal performance. Each maintenance interval shows the maximum cycling hours for the corresponding type of recommended maintenance. Depending on terrain and environmental conditions, the performance can be optimised through shorter maintenance intervals.

8.1.1 Rear frame damper

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

Maintenance intervals

Roc	RockShox rear frame damper			
	Service air chamber assembly Every 50 hou			
	Service damper and spring Every 200 hou			
FOX rear frame damper				
	Complete maintenance (full interior and exterior inspection, damper overhaul, air spring overhaul, oil change and dust wiper replacement) Every 125 hours or once a year			
Suntour rear frame damper				
	Complete shock absorber service including damper reassembly and air seal replacement	Every 100 hours		

! WARNING

Injury due to explosion

The air chamber is pressurised. If the air system is serviced in a rear frame damper, it can explode and cause serious injury.

- ➤ Wear safety goggles, protective gloves and safety clothing when assembling or servicing the vehicle.
- ▶ Release the air for the air chambers. Detach all air insert fitments.
- Never service or dismantle a rear frame damper if it has not completely rebounded.

!WARNING

Intoxication from suspension oil

Suspension oil irritates the respiratory tract, leads to germ cell mutations and sterility, causes cancer and is toxic to touch.

- ► Always wear safety goggles and nitrile gloves when working with suspension oil.
- Never perform maintenance when you are pregnant.
- ▶ Use an oil catchment tray under the section where the rear frame damper is serviced.

! CAUTION

Hazard for the environment due to toxic substances

The rear frame damper contains toxic and environmentally harmful oils and lubricants. Such fluids will contaminate if they enter the sewers or groundwater.

Dispose of lubricants and oils left over after repairs in an environmentally responsible way in accordance with statutory regulations.

Special tools, special lubricants and knowledge of suspension components are required to maintain and repair the rear frame damper.

The rear frame damper may become damaged if the procedure is not followed as described. Only specialist dealers may carry out maintenance on rear frame damper.

8.1.2 Suspension fork

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

Maintenance intervals

Sun	Suntour suspension fork				
	Maintenance 1 Functional check, fastening and wear test				
	Maintenance 2 Maintenance 1 + cleaning entire fork interior and exterior / cleaning and lubrication of dust seals and guides/ plastic bushings / check torques				
FO	suspension fork				
	Full maintenance (complete interior/ exterior inspection, damper overhaul, replacement of air seals on air forks, air suspension overhaul, oil change and dust wiper replacement).	Every 125 hours or once a year			
Roc	RockShox suspension fork				
	Maintenance of stanchions for: Paragon™, XC™ 28, XC 30, 30™, Judy®, Recon™, Sektor™, 35™*, Bluto™, REBA®, SID®, RS-1™, Revelation™, PIKE®, Lyrik™, Yari™, BoXXer	Every 50 hours			
	Maintenance of spring and damper unit for: Paragon, XC 28, XC 30,30 (2015 and earlier), Recon (2015 and earlier), Sektor (2015 and earlier), Bluto (2016 and earlier), Revelation (2017 and earlier), REBA (2016 and earlier), SID (2016 and earlier), RS-1 (2017 and earlier), BoXXer (2018 and earlier)	Every 100 hours			
_	Maintenance of spring and damper unit for: 30 (2016+), Judy (2018+), Recon (2016+), Sektor (2016+), 35 (2020+)*, Revelation (2018+), Bluto (2017+), REBA (2017+), SID (2017+), RS-1 (2018+), PIKE (2014+), Lyrik (2016+), Yari (2016+), BoXXer (2019+)	Every 200 hours			



Injury due to explosion

The air chamber is pressurised. If the air system is serviced in a faulty suspension fork, it can explode and cause serious injury.

- ➤ Wear safety goggles, protective gloves and safety clothing when assembling or servicing the vehicle.
- ▶ Release the air for the air chambers. Detach all air insert fitments.
- Never service or dismantle a suspension fork if it has not completely rebounded.

! CAUTION

Hazard for the environment due to toxic substances

The suspension fork contains toxic and environmentally harmful oils and lubricants. Such fluids will contaminate if they enter the sewers or groundwater.

Dispose of lubricants and oils left over after repairs in an environmentally responsible way in accordance with statutory regulations.

Special tools, special lubricants and knowledge of suspension components are required to service and repair suspension forks.

The suspension fork may be damaged if procedures are not followed as described. Only specialist dealers may carry out maintenance on the suspension fork.

8.1.3 Suspension seat post

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

Maintenance intervals

by.s	by.schulz seat post			
	Check all screws for correct tightening torques for: G1 and G2 After 250 km are every 1,500 km			
Sur	tour suspension seat post			
	Maintenance 1	Every 100 hours		
Roc	kShox suspension seat post			
	Venting of remote control lever and/or maintenance of lower seat post unit for: Reverb™ A1/A2/B1, Reverb Stealth A1/A2/B1/C1*, Reverb AXS™ A1*	Every 50 hours		
_	Venting of remote control lever and/or maintenance of lower seat post unit for: Reverb B1, Reverb Stealth B1/C1*, Reverb AXS A1*	Every 200 hours		
	Complete maintenance of seat post for: Reverb A1/A2, Reverb Stealth A1/A2	Every 200 hours		
	Complete maintenance of seat post for: Reverb B1, Reverb Stealth B1	Every 400 hours		
	Complete maintenance of seat post for: Reverb AXS A1*, Reverb Stealth C1*	Every 600 hours		
All	All other suspension seat posts			
	Maintenance	Every 100 hours		

Special tools, special lubricants and knowledge of suspension components are required to service and repair suspension seat posts.

The suspension seat post may be damaged if procedures are not followed as described. Only specialist dealers may carry out maintenance on the suspension seat post.

8.2 Axle with quick release



Crash caused by unfastened quick release

A faulty or incorrectly installed quick release may become caught in the brake disc and block the wheel. This will cause a crash.

▶ Install the front wheel quick release lever on the opposite side to the brake disc.

Crash caused by faulty or incorrectly installed quick release

The brake disc becomes very hot during operation. Parts of the quick release may become damaged as a result. The quick release comes loose. This will cause a crash with injuries.

► The front wheel quick release lever and the brake disc must be situated on opposite sides.

Crash caused by incorrectly set clamping force

Excessively high clamping force will damage the quick release and cause it to lose its function.

Insufficient clamping force will cause a detrimental transmission of force. The suspension fork or the frame may break. This will cause a crash with injuries.

- Never fasten a quick release using a tool (e.g. hammer or pliers).
- Only use the clamping lever with the specified set clamping force.

8.2.1 Checking the quick release

▶ Check the position and clamping force of the quick release lever. The quick release lever must be flush with the lower housing. You must be able to see a slight impression on the palm of your hand when you close the quick release lever.



Figure 94: Adjusting the quick release clamping force

Use a 4 mm hexagon socket spanner to adjust the clamping lever clamping force if required. Check the quick release lever position and clamping force.



Figure 95: Adjusting the quick release clamping force

8.3 Maintaining the stem

Incorrectly fastened screws may come loose due to impact. The stem may no longer be firmly fixed in its position as a result. This will cause a crash with injuries.

Check the handlebars and the stem's quick release system are firmly in position after the first two hours of riding.

8.4 Adjusting the gear shift

If you cannot select the gears effortlessly, you will need to adjust the setting for the shift cable tension.

- ► Carefully pull the *adjusting sleeve* away from the shifter housing, turning it as you do so.
- ► Check the gear shift function after each adjustment.

8.4.1 Cable-operated gear shift, single-cable

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

► For a smooth gear shift, adjust the adjusting sleeves on the shifter housing.



Figure 96: Adjusting sleeve (1) for the single-cable, cableoperated gear shift with shifter housing (2), example

8.4.2 Cable-operated gear shift, dual-

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

- ► For a smooth gear shift, set the adjusting sleeves underneath the chain stay on the frame.
- ► The shift cable has around 1 mm play when it is pulled out gently.

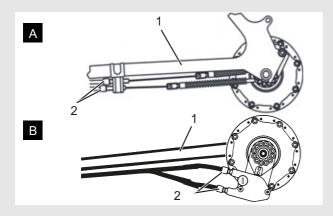


Figure 97: Adjusting sleeves (2) on two alternative versions (A and B) of a dual-cable, cable-operated gear shift on the chain stay (1)

8.4.3 Cable-operated twist grip, dual-

Only applies to pedelecs with this equipment

- ► For a smooth gear shift, set the adjusting sleeves on the shifter housing.
- ⇒ There is noticeable play of around 2–5 mm (1/2 gear) when twisting the twist grip.

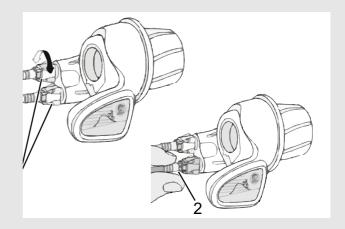


Figure 98: Twist grip with adjusting sleeves (1) and play of the gear shift (2)

9 Troubleshooting, fault clearance and repair

9.1 Troubleshooting and fault clearance

The components of the drive system are checked constantly and automatically. If an error is detected, an error message appears on the *display*. The drive may be shut off automatically, depending on the type of error.

9.1.1 Drive system or on-board computer does not start up

If the on-board computer and/or the drive system do not start up, proceed as follows:

- 1 Check whether the battery is switched on. If not, start the battery.
- ⇔ Contact specialist dealer if the battery level indicator LEDs do not light up.
- 2 If the LEDs on the battery level indicator light up, but the drive system does not start up, remove the battery.
- 3 Insert the battery.
- 4 Start the drive system.
- **5** If the drive system does not start up, remove the battery.
- 6 Clean all the contacts with a soft cloth.

- 7 Insert the battery.
- 8 Start the drive system.
- **9** If the drive system does not start up, remove the battery.
- 10 Fully charge the battery.
- 11 Insert the battery.
- 12 Start the drive system.
- **13** Contact your specialist dealer if the drive system does not start.

9.1.2 Warning and error messages

If an error message is displayed, run through the following actions:

- 1 Make a note of the system message. There is a table of all error messages in Section 6.2.
- 2 Press the On-Off button (battery).
- 3 Remove the battery from the mount.
- 4 Replace the battery.
- 5 Start the system.
- **6** If the system message is still displayed, contact your specialist dealer.

9.1.3 Errors in the assistance system

Symptom	Cause	Remedy
	Is the speed too high?	Check on-screen indicators. The electronic gear assistance is only active up to a maximum speed of 25 km/h.
	Is the battery charged sufficiently?	Check battery is charged.Recharge the battery if it is almost flat.
Assistance is not available.	The battery may become too hot during rides at high temperatures, up long inclines or when carrying a heavy load for a long time.	4 Switch off the drive system.5 Wait a moment and then check again.
	The rechargeable battery, the on-board computer or the assistance switch may be connected incorrectly, or one or more of them may have a problem.	6 Contact your specialist dealer.

Table 34: Error solution for assistance system

Symptom	Cause	Remedy
	Are the pedals being pushed?	1 The pedelec is not a motorbike. Push the pedals.
	Is the system switched on?	2 Press On-Off button (battery) to switch on the system.
Assistance is not available.	Is the assistance mode set to [OFF]?	 Set the assistance mode to a different level of assistance than [OFF]. Contact your specialist dealer if you still feel that the no assistance is being supplied.
	The battery does not perform as well in winter weather.	This does not indicate a problem.
	The journey distance can be shorter	1 Check battery is charged.
The assisted journey	depending on the road conditions, the gear level and the entire light usage time.	2 Recharge the battery if it is almost flat.
distance is too short.	Is the battery fully charged?	3 If the distance covered with a fully charged battery has become shorter, the battery may be affected. Replace the battery with a new one.
	The battery is a consumable. Repeated charging and long periods of use cause the battery to degrade (loss of power).	4 If the distance you can cover with one single charge is very short, replace the battery with a new one.
	Are the tyres pumped to an adequate pressure?	1 Pump up tyres.
	Is the assistance mode set to [OFF]?	2 Set level of assistance of assistance to [BOOST].
	The battery charge might be low.	3 Check battery is charged.
It is difficult to pedal.		4 Recharge the battery if it is almost flat.
	Have you switched on the system with your foot on the pedal?	5 Switch on the system again without applying pressure to the pedals.
		6 If assistance is still not supplied, contact your specialist dealer.

Table 34: Error solution for assistance system

9.1.4 Battery error

Symptom	Cause	Remedy
The battery discharges very quickly.	The battery may be at the end of its useful life.	▶ Replace old battery with new one.
	Is the charger mains plug firmly connected to the socket?	 Disconnect the charger mains plug. Insert the mains plug. Start charging.
	Is the charger plug firmly connected to battery?	 4 If the battery still won't recharge, disconnect the charger plug 5 Insert charger plug. 6 Start charging.
The battery cannot be recharged.	Is the adapter firmly connected to the charger plug or the battery's charging port?	 If you are still unable to recharge the battery, connect the adapter with the charger plug or the battery's charger connection. Start charging.
	Is the connection terminal for the charger, charger adapter or battery dirty?	 9 If you are still unable to recharge the battery, wipe the connection terminals with a dry cloth to clean them. 10 Start charging. 11 If the battery still won't recharge, contact your specialist dealer.
The battery does not start charging when the charger is connected.	The battery may be at the end of its useful life.	▶ Replace old battery with new one.
The battery and charger become hot.	The battery or charger temperature may have exceeded the operating temperature range.	 Interrupt charging process. Wait a moment. Start charging. If the battery is too hot to touch, there might be a problem with the battery. Contact your specialist dealer.
The charger is hot.	If the charger is used continuously to charge batteries, it may become hot.	1 Wait a moment.2 Start charging.
	The LED on the charger will go out when the battery is fully charged.	This is not a malfunction.
The LED on the charger	Is the charger plug firmly connected to battery?	 Check the connection for any contaminants. Insert charger plug. Contact your specialist dealer if there is no change.
does not light up.	Is the battery fully charged?	 4 Disconnect the charger mains plug if there is no change. 5 Insert the mains plug. 6 Start charging. 7 Contact your specialist dealer if the LED on the charger still doesn't light up.
The battery cannot be removed.		Contact your specialist dealer.
The battery cannot be inserted.		Contact your specialist dealer.
Fluid is leaking from the battery.		Observe all the warnings in Section 2 Safety.

Table 35: Error solution for battery

Symptom	Cause	Remedy
There is an unusual smell.		 Remove the battery from the pedelec immediately. Contact the fire service. Observe all the warnings in Section 2 Safety.
Fumes are emitted from the battery.		 Remove the battery from the pedelec immediately. Contact the fire service. Observe all the warnings in Section 2 Safety.

Table 35: Error solution for battery

9.1.5 On-board computer error

Symptom	Cause	Remedy
	The battery charge level may be insufficient.	► Charge the battery.
	Is the power switched on?	4 Press the On-Off button (battery) to switch the power on.
No data is shown on the monitor when the On-Off	Is the battery charged?	5 If the battery is fitted to the pedelec and is being charged, it cannot be switched on. Interrupt charging process.
button (battery) is pressed.	Is the connector fitted to the power cable correctly?	6 Check that the power cable connector has not been disconnected.7 Contact your specialist dealer if this is not the case.
	A component may be connected which the system is unable to recognise.	8 Contact your specialist dealer.
The gear level is not shown on the display screen.	The gear level is only shown if the electronic gear shift is used.	 Check whether the power cable plug has been disconnected. Contact your specialist dealer if this is not the case.
The settings menu cannot be opened while you are riding.	The product is designed in such a way that the settings menu cannot be opened if the system detects that someone is riding the pedelec. This is not a malfunction.	 Stop the pedelec. Change settings when stationary only.

Table 36: Display error solution

9.1.6 Lighting does not work

Symptom	Cause	Re	emedy
The front light or rear light does not go on, even when the switch is pressed.	The basic settings in the electric drive system have probably been configured incorrectly. The light is defective.	1 2	Take pedelec out of service immediately. Contact your specialist dealer.

Table 37: Error solution for battery

9.1.7 Other errors

Symptom	Cause	Remedy
Two beeps will sound if a switch is pressed but the switch cannot be operated.	Pressed switch mode has been deactivated.	This is not a malfunction.
Three beeps are sounded.	A fault or warning has occurred. This occurs when an error message is displayed.	Follow the instructions for the code indicated on the display screen in Section 6.2 System Messages.
When you use an electronic gear shift, you can feel that pedal assistance becomes weaker when the gear is changed.	This is because the on-board computer sets the pedal assistance to the optimum level.	This is not a malfunction.
A noise can be heard after switching.		Contact your specialist dealer.
It is normal to hear a noise coming from the rear wheel when cycling as normal.	The gear shift setting may not have been made properly.	Contact your specialist dealer.
If the pedelec stops, gear transmission does not switch to the position preconfigured in the functional feature.	You may have applied too much pressure on the pedals.	▶ It is easier to change gears if you press onto the pedals gently.

Table 38: Error solution for battery

9.1.8 Suspension fork

9.1.8.1 Rebound too fast

The suspension fork rebounds too quickly, producing a "pogo stick" effect, where the wheel lifts from the ground in an uncontrolled way. This impairs traction and control (blue line).

Fork head and handlebars are deflected upwards if the wheel bounces back from the ground. The rider's weight may be shifted up and back in an uncontrolled way (green line).

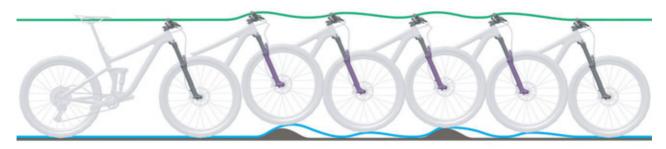


Figure 99: Suspension fork rebounding too quickly

Solution



Figure 100: Turning rebound damper towards tortoise symbol

➤ Turn the rebound adjuster clockwise to reduce the rebound speed and increase traction and control.

9.1.8.2 Rebounding too slowly

The fork does not rebound quickly enough after absorbing a bump. The fork also remains deflected over subsequent bumps, which reduces deflection and increases the hardness of impacts. Available deflection, traction and control decrease (blue line).

The fork remains in a deflected state, causing the headset and handlebars to move to a lower position. The rider's weight is shifted forward after the impact (green line).

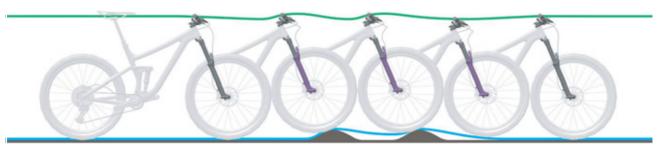


Figure 101: Suspension fork rebounding too slowly

Solution



Figure 102: Turning rebound damper towards hare symbol

► Turn the rebound adjuster anti-clockwise to increase the rebound speed and improve performance when riding over bumps.

9.1.8.3 Suspension too soft on inclines

The fork deflects at a low point in the terrain. The deflection is quickly used up, the rider's weight

may shift forward and the pedelec will possibly lose some momentum.



Figure 103: Excessively soft suspension in the suspension fork on hilly terrain

Solution



Figure 104: Changing compression adjuster to a harder setting

➤ To improve efficiency on hilly and flat terrain, turn the compression adjuster clockwise to increase compression damping and hardness and reduce the deflection speed.

9.1.8.4 Excessively hard damping on bumps

When the bike hits a bump, the fork deflects too slowly and the wheel lifts up from the bump. Traction decreases when the wheel no longer touches the ground.

The headset and handlebars are deflected upwards significantly, which can impair control.

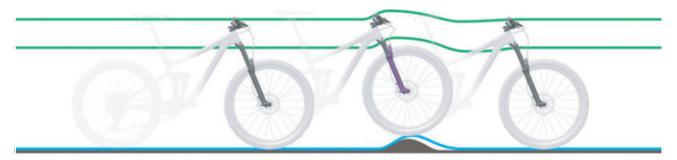


Figure 105: Excessively hard damping in the suspension fork on bumps

Solution



Figure 106: Changing compression adjuster to a softer setting

➤ To increase sensitivity to small bumps, turn the compression adjuster anti-clockwise to decrease damping and hardness and increase the deflection speed.

9.1.9 Rear frame damper

9.1.9.1 Rebound too fast

The rear frame damper rebounds too quickly, producing a "pogo stick" effect and causing the bike to bounce after the wheel hits a bump and lands on the ground again. This impairs traction and control due to the uncontrolled speed at which the damper rebounds after deflecting (blue line).

Saddle and handlebars are deflected upwards when the wheel bounces back from the ground. The rider's weight may be shifted upwards and forwards if the damper fully rebounds too quickly (green line).



Figure 107: Rear frame damper rebounding too quickly

Solution



Figure 108: Turning rebound damper towards tortoise symbol

► Turn the rebound adjuster clockwise to reduce the rebound speed and increase traction and control.

9.1.9.2 Rebounding too slowly

The rear frame damper does not rebound quickly enough after a bump has been compensated and is not in the required initial position when the wheel hits the next bump. The rear frame damper remains compressed during successive bumps, thus reducing deflection and ground contact and increasing hardness on the next impact. The rear wheel bounces off the second bump since the rear frame damper does not rebound quickly enough to make contact with the ground and return to the initial position again. The available deflection and traction are reduced (blue line).

The rear frame damper remains in a deflected state after contact with the first bump. When the rear wheel hits the second bump, the saddle follows the path of the rear wheel instead of remaining in a horizontal position. The available deflection and potential absorption of bumps are reduced, which causes instability and loss of control during successive bumps (green line).

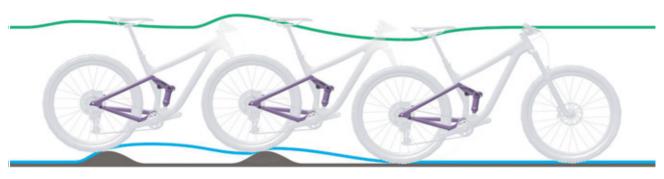


Figure 109: Rear frame damper rebounding too slowly Solution



Figure 110: Turning rebound damper towards hare symbol

➤ Turn the rebound adjuster anti-clockwise to increase the rebound speed and improve performance when riding over bumps.

9.1.9.3 Suspension too soft on inclines

The rear frame damper deflects deeply through the deflection range The deflection is quickly used up, the rider's weight may shift downward and the pedelec will possibly lose some momentum.

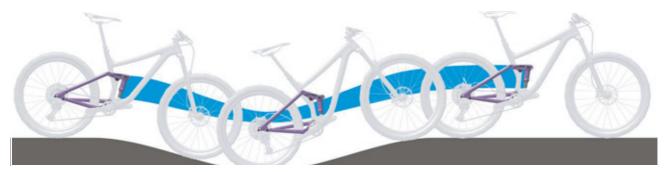


Figure 111: Excessively soft suspension in the rear frame damper on hilly terrain $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

Solution



Figure 112: Changing compression adjuster to a harder setting

➤ To improve efficiency on hilly and flat terrain, turn the compression adjuster clockwise to increase compression damping and hardness and reduce the deflection speed.

9.1.9.4 Excessively hard damping on bumps

When the bike hits a bump, the damper deflects too slowly and the rear wheel lifts up from the bump. Traction is reduced (blue line).

Saddle and rider are deflected upwards and forwards, the rear wheel loses contact with the ground and control is reduced (green line).



Figure 113: Excessively hard damping in the rear frame damper on bumps Solution



Figure 114: Changing compression adjuster to a softer setting

➤ To increase sensitivity to small bumps, turn the compression adjuster anti-clockwise to decrease damping and hardness and increase the deflection speed.

9.2 Repair

Special knowledge and tools are required for many repairs. That is why only a specialist dealer may perform repairs such as:

- · Replacing tyres and rims
- · Replacing rims, brake linings and brake discs
- · Replacing and tensioning the chain.

9.2.1 Original parts and lubricants

The individual pedelec parts have been carefully selected and matched to one other.

Only original parts and lubricants must be used for maintenance and repair.

The constantly updated accessory approval and parts lists are in Section 11, Documents and Drawings.

Observe the operating instructions for the new components.

9.2.2 Replacing the lighting

► Only use components of the respective power class for replacement.

9.2.3 Adjusting the headlight

► The *headlight* must be set, so that its light beam shines on the road 10 m in front of the pedelec.

9.2.4 Tyre clearance check

The tyre needs to be checked each time a suspension fork tyre is changed to another size.

- 1 Release pressure from the fork.
- 2 Press fork together fully.
- 3 Measure the gap between the top of the tyre and the crown's lower surface. The gap must not be less than 10 mm. If the tyre is too large, the tyre will touch the crown's lower surface if the fork is fully pressed together.
- 4 Release pressure on fork and pump it up again if it is an air suspension fork.
- **5** Take into account the fact that the gap will be smaller if there is a guard. Check again to ensure that there is sufficient clearance for the tyre.

10 Recycling and disposal



This device is marked according to the European Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment – WEEE and the European Directive 2006/66/EC on accumulators. The directive provides the framework for the return and recycling of used devices



across the EU. As a consumer, you are legally required to return all used batteries of any type. It is forbidden to dispose of batteries in domestic waste. The manufacturer is obliged to take back used and old batteries free of charge as per Section 9 German Batteries Act. You thus meet statutory obligations and help to protect the environment. The pedelec, battery, motor, display screen and charger are recyclable materials. You must dispose of and recycle them separately from the domestic waste in compliance with applicable statutory regulations. Separate collection and recycling saves reserves of raw materials and ensures that all the regulations for protection of health and the environment are adhered to when recycling the product and/or the battery.

- ▶ Never dismantle the pedelec, batteries or charger for disposal.
- ➤ The pedelec, display screen, the unopened and undamaged battery and the charger can be returned to any specialist dealer free of charge. Depending on the region, further disposal options may be available.
- ➤ Store the individual parts of the decommissioned pedelec in a dry place, free from frost, where they are protected from direct sunlight.

11 Documents

11.1 Parts list

11.1.1 Sonic AMS1 Carbon

21-21-1070

Model name	Sonic AMS1 Carbon
Frame material	Carbon
Fork	Rock Shox 35 Gold 1.8 tapered
Fork deflection (mm)	140
Damper	RockShox Deluxe Select+ RL
Headset	Acros No.4
Handlebars	BULLS Riser
Handles	BULLS Enduro
Stem	BULLS
Saddle	Prologo Proxim 450 Sport
Seat post	Limotec Alpha 1
Crank set	Shimano Tiagra FC-4700
Pedals	Wellgo, ZZE-01M
Gear shift type	Derailleur gears
Number of gears	12
Rear derailleur	Shimano Deore XT RD-M8100
Shifter	Shimano Deore SL-M6100
Cassette/cassette sprocket	Shimano Deore CS-M6100-10, 10-51T
Back-pedal brake	No
Brake system	Hydraulic disc brake
Front brake	Shimano Deore BR-M6120 hydraulic disc brake
Disc, front	203 Center Lock
Disc, rear	180 Center Lock
Front rim	Shimano WH-MT620
Tyres	Schwalbe Nobby Nic Performance
Tyre size ETRTO	60-622
Front lamp	MonkeyLink
Rear lamp	MonkeyLink
Motor	Shimano EP8, DU-EP800
Rechargeable battery	BMZ SuperCore 375/750
Display	Shimano, SC-EM8000

11.1.2 Sonic AMS2 Carbon

21-21-1069

Model name	Sonic AMS2 Carbon
Frame material	Carbon
Fork	Rock Shox Lyrik Select RC 1.8 tapered
Fork deflection (mm)	140
Damper	RockShox Deluxe Select+ RL
Headset	Acros No.4
Handlebars	BULLS Riser
Handles	BULLS Enduro
Stem	BULLS
Saddle	Prologo Proxim 450 Sport
Seat post	Limotec Alpha 1
Crank set	E-thirteen
Pedals	Wellgo, ZZE-01M
Gear shift type	Derailleur gears
Number of gears	12
Rear derailleur	Shimano Deore XT RD-M8100
Shifter	Shimano Deore XT SL-M8100
Cassette/cassette sprocket	Shimano SLX CS-M7100-12, 10-51T
Back-pedal brake	No
Brake system	Hydraulic disc brake
Front brake	Shimano Deore XT BR-M8120 hydraulic disc brake
Disc, front	203 Center Lock
Disc, rear	180 Center Lock
Front rim	DT Swiss H1900 Spline
Tyres	Schwalbe Nobby Nic Evo
Tyre size ETRTO	60-622
Front lamp	MonkeyLink
Rear lamp	MonkeyLink
Motor	Shimano EP8, DU-EP800
Rechargeable battery	BMZ SuperCore 375/750
Display	Shimano, SC-EM8000

11.1.3 Sonic AMSL Carbon

21-21-1063

Model name	Sonic AMSL Carbon
Frame material	Carbon
Fork	Rock Shox Lyrik Ultimate RCT3 1.8 tapered
Fork deflection (mm)	140
Damper	RockShox Deluxe Select+ RL
Headset	Acros No.4
Handlebars	BULLS Riser
Handles	BULLS Enduro
Stem	BULLS
Saddle	Prologo Proxim 450 Sport
Seat post	8PINS
Crank set	E-thirteen
Pedals	Wellgo, ZZE-01M
Gear shift type	Derailleur gears
Number of gears	12
Rear derailleur	Shimano XTR RD-M9100
Shifter	Shimano XTR SL-M9100
Cassette/cassette sprocket	Shimano XTR CS-M9100, 10-51T
Back-pedal brake	No
Brake system	Hydraulic disc brake
Front brake	Shimano XTR BR-M9120 hydraulic disc brake
Disc, front	203 Center Lock
Disc, rear	180 Center Lock
Front rim	DT Swiss XCM 1501 Carbon
Tyres	Schwalbe Nobby Nic Evo
Tyre size ETRTO	60-622
Front lamp	MonkeyLink
Rear lamp	MonkeyLink
Motor	Shimano EP8, DU-EP800
Rechargeable battery	BMZ SuperCore 375/750
Display	Shimano, SC-EM8000

11.1.4 Sonic ENS1 Carbon

21-21-1004

Model name	Sonic ENS1 Carbon
Frame material	Carbon
Fork	Rock Shox Lyrik Select RC 1.8 tapered
Fork deflection (mm)	160
Damper	RockShox Super Deluxe Select+ RL
Headset	Acros No.4
Handlebars	BULLS Riser
Handles	BULLS Enduro
Stem	BULLS
Saddle	Prologo Proxim 450 Sport
Seat post	Limotec Alpha 1 Light
Crank set	E-thirteen
Pedals	Wellgo, ZZE-01M
Gear shift type	Derailleur gears
Number of gears	12
Rear derailleur	Shimano Deore XT RD-M8100
Shifter	Shimano Deore SL-M6100
Cassette/cassette sprocket	Shimano Deore CS-M6100-10, 10-51T
Back-pedal brake	No
Brake system	Hydraulic disc brake
Front brake	Shimano Deore BR-M6120 hydraulic disc brake
Disc, front	203 Center Lock
Disc, rear	203 Center Lock
Front rim	Shimano WH-MT620
Tyres	Schwalbe Magic Mary / Big Betty
Tyre size ETRTO	62-622
Front lamp	MonkeyLink
Rear lamp	MonkeyLink
Motor	Shimano EP8, DU-EP800
Rechargeable battery	BMZ SuperCore 375/750
Display	Shimano, SC-EM8000

11.1.5 Sonic ENS2 Carbon

21-21-1003

Model name	Sonic ENS2 Carbon
Frame material	Carbon
Fork	Rock Shox Lyrik Ultimate RCT3 1.8 tapered
Fork deflection (mm)	160
Damper	RockShox Super Deluxe Select+ RL
Headset	Acros No.4
Handlebars	BULLS Riser
Handles	BULLS Enduro
Stem	BULLS
Saddle	Prologo Proxim 450 Sport
Seat post	Limotec Alpha 5
Crank set	E-thirteen
Pedals	Wellgo, ZZE-01M
Gear shift type	Derailleur gears
Number of gears	12
Rear derailleur	Shimano Deore XT RD-M8100
Shifter	Shimano Deore XT SL-M8100
Cassette/cassette sprocket	Shimano SLX CS-M7100-12, 10-51T
Back-pedal brake	No
Brake system	Hydraulic disc brake
Front brake	Shimano Deore XT BR-M8120 hydraulic disc brake
Disc, front	203 Center Lock
Disc, rear	203 Center Lock
Front rim	DT Swiss H1900 Spline
Tyres	Schwalbe Magic Mary / Big Betty
Tyre size ETRTO	62-622
Front lamp	MonkeyLink
Rear lamp	MonkeyLink
Motor	Shimano EP8, DU-EP800
Rechargeable battery	BMZ SuperCore 375/750
Display	Shimano, SC-EM8000



Assembly report 11.2

Date:

Frame number:

Components	Descrip	otion		Criteria	Measures if rejected
	Assembly/inspection	Tests	Accept- ance	Rejection	
Front wheel	Assembly		O.K.	Loose	Adjust quick release
Kickstand	Check mount fastening	Functional check	O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Tyres		Tyre pressure check	O.K.	Tyre pressure too low/ too high	Adjust tyre pressure
Frame	Check for damage – fracture, scratches		O.K.	Damage detected	Take out of operation, new frame
Handles, coverings	Check mount fastening		O.K.	Not provided	Retighten screws, new handles or coverings as specified in parts list
Handlebars, stem	Check mount fastening		O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws; new stem as specified in parts list if necessary
Steering headset	Check for damage	Functional check	O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Saddle	Check mount fastening		O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Seat post	Check mount fastening		O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Protective plate	Check mount fastening		O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Pannier rack	Check mount fastening		O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Attachments	Check mount fastening		O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Bell		Functional check	O.K.	No ring, too quiet, missing	New bell as specified in the parts list
		Suspension	on elements		
Fork, suspension fork	Check for damage		O.K.	Damage detected	New fork as specified in the parts list
Rear frame damper	Check for damage		O.K.	Damage detected	New fork as specified in the parts list
Suspension seat post	Check for damage		O.K.	Damage detected	New fork as specified in the parts list
		Brake	system		
Brake lever	Check mount fastening		O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Brake fluid	Check fluid level		O.K.	Too little	Refill with brake fluid; new brake hoses if damaged
Brake linings	Check brake linings, brake discs or rims for damage		О.К.	Damage detected	New brake linings, brake discs or rims
Back-pedal brake braking armature	Check mount fastening		O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
		Light	system		
Rechargeable battery	First examination		O.K.	Error message	Take out of service; contact battery manufacturer, new battery
Light cabling	Connections, correct wiring		O.K.	Cable defective, no light	New cabling
Rear light	Side light	Functional check	O.K.	No constant light	Take out of service; new rear light as specified in parts list; replace if necessary
Front light	Side light, daytime riding light	Functional check	O.K.	No constant light	Take out of service; new front light as specified in parts list; replace if necessary
Reflectors	All complete, state, fastening		O.K.	Damaged or not all complete	New reflectors

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Components	Descrip	tion		Criteria	Measures if rejected		
Drive/gear shift							
Chain/cassette/ pinion/chainring	Check for damage		O.K.	Damage	Refasten if necessary or replace as specified in parts list		
Chain guard/spoke guard	Check for damage		O.K.	Damage	Replace as specified in parts list		
Bottom bracket axle/ crank	Check mount fastening		O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws		
Pedals	Check mount fastening		O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws		
Shifter	Check mount fastening	Functional check	O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws		
Shift cables	Check for damage	Functional check	O.K.	Loose or defective	Adjust shift cables; new shift cables if necessary		
Front derailleur	Check for damage	Functional check	O.K.	Gear shift difficult or not possible	Adjust		
Rear derailleur	Check for damage	Functional check	O.K.	Gear shift difficult or not possible	Adjust		
		Electr	ic drive				
Display	Check for damage	Functional check	O.K.	No screen, defective screen display	Restart, test battery, new software, or new display – take out of service,		
Electric drive control panel	DriveCheck for damage	Functional check	O.K.	No response	Restart; contact control panel manufacturer, new control panel		
Tachometer		Speed measurement	O.K.	Pedelec travelling 10% too fast/slow	Take pedelec out of service until the source of the error is found		
Cabling	Visual inspection		O.K.	Failure in system, damage, kinked cables	New cabling		
Battery mount	Firmly in position, lock, contacts	Functional check	O.K.	Loose; lock doesn't close, no contacts	New battery mount		
Motor	Visual inspection and mount		O.K.	Damage, loose	Refasten motor, contact motor manufacturer, new motor		
Software	Check version		In latest version	Not latest version	Import update		

Technical inspection, checking safety, test ride

Components	Descrip	otion		Criteria	Measures if rejected	
	Assembly/inspection	Tests	Accept- ance	Rejection		
Brake system		Functional check	O.K.	No full braking; braking distance too long	Locate defective part in brake system and correct	
Gear shift under operating load		Functional check	O.K.	Problems when shifting gear	Readjust gear shift	
Suspension components (fork, shock absorber, seat post)		Functional check	O.K.	Suspension too deep or no longer exists	Locate defective component and correct	
Electric drive		Functional check	O.K.	Loose connection, problems when riding, accelerate	Locate defective part in electric drive and correct	
Light system		Functional check	O.K.	No continuous light, too bright	Locate defective part in light system and correct	
Test ride			No strange noises	Strange noises	Locate source of noise and correct	

Date:	
Fitter's name:	
Final inspection by workshop manager	



11.3 Maintenance instructions

Diagnosis and documentation of current status

Date: Frame number:

Components Frequence	Frequency		Description			Criteria	Measures if rejected
		Inspection	Tests	Maintenance	Accept- ance	Rejection	
Front wheel	6 months	Assembly			O.K.	Loose	Adjust quick release
Kickstand	6 months	Check mount fastening	Functional check		O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Tyres	6 months		Tyre pressure check		O.K.	Tyre pressure too low/too high	Adjust tyre pressure
Frame	6 months	Check for damage – fracture, scratches			O.K.	Damage detected	Take pedelec out of service, new frame
Handles, coverings	6 months	Wear; check if fastened securely			O.K.	Not provided	Retighten screws, new handles or coverings as specified in parts list
Handlebars, stem	6 months	Check mount fastening			O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws; new stem as specified in parts list if necessary
Steering headset	6 months	Check for damage	Functional check	Lubricating and adjustment	O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Saddle	6 months	Check mount fastening			O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Seat post	6 months	Check mount fastening			O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Protective plate	6 months	Check mount fastening			O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Pannier rack	6 months	Check mount fastening			O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Attachments	6 months	Check mount fastening			O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Bell	6 months		Functional check		O.K.	No ring, too quiet, missing	New bell as specified in the parts list
Suspension elem	ents						·
Fork, suspension fork	To manu- facturer's specifica- tions*	Check for damage – corrosion, fracture		Maintenance as specified by manufacturer Lubrication, oil change as specified by manufacturer	О.К.	Damage detected	New fork as specified in the parts list
Rear frame damper	To manu- facturer's specifica- tions*	Check for damage – corrosion, fracture		Maintenance as specified by manufacturer Lubrication, oil change as specified by manufacturer	O.K.	Damage detected	New fork as specified in the parts list
Suspension seat post	To manu- facturer's specifica- tions*	Check for damage		Maintenance as specified by manufacturer	O.K.	Damage detected	New fork as specified in the parts list
Brake system							
Brake lever	6 months	Check mount fastening			O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Brake fluid	6 months	Check fluid level		Depending on time of year	O.K.	Too little	Top up brake fluid; take Pedelec out of service if damaged; new brake hoses
Brake linings	6 months	Check brake linings, brake discs or rims for damage			O.K.	Damage detected	New brake linings, brake discs or rims
Back-pedal brake braking armature	6 months	Check mount fastening			O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Brake system	6 months	Check mount fastening		Functional check	O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws

^{*} see Section 8.1

Components	Frequency		Description		Criteria	Measures if rejected	
		Inspection	Tests	Maintenance	Accept- ance	Rejection	
Light system							
Rechargeable battery	6 months	First examination			O.K.	Error message	Contact battery manufacturer; take out of service, new battery
Light cabling	6 months	Connections, correct wiring			O.K.	Cable defective, no light	New cabling
Rear light	6 months	Side light	Functional check		O.K.	No constant light	New rear light as specified in parts list; replace if necessary
Front light	6 months	Side light, daytime riding light	Functional check		O.K.	No constant light	New front light as specified in parts list; replace if necessary
Reflectors	6 months	All complete, state, fastening			O.K.	Damaged or not all complete	New reflectors
Drive/gear shift							
Chain/cassette/ pinion/ chainring	6 months	Check for damage			O.K.	Damage	Refasten if necessary or replace as specified in parts list
Chain guard/ spoke guard	6 months	Check for damage			O.K.	Damage	Replace as specified in parts list
Bottom bracket axle/crank	6 months	Check mount fastening			O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Pedals	6 months	Check mount fastening			O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Shifter	6 months	Check mount fastening	Functional check		O.K.	Loose	Retighten screws
Shift cables	6 months	Check for damage	Functional check		O.K.	Loose or defective	Adjust shift cables; new shift cables if necessary
Front derailleur	6 months	Check for damage	Functional check		O.K.	Gear shift difficult or not possible	Adjust
Rear derailleur	6 months	Check for damage	Functional check		O.K.	Gear shift difficult or not possible	Adjust
Electric drive							
Display	6 months	Check for damage	Functional check		O.K.	No screen, defective screen display	Restart, test battery, new software, or new display – take out of service,
Electric drive control panel	6 months	DriveCheck for damage	Functional check		O.K.	No response	Restart; contact control panel manufacturer, new control panel
Tachometer	6 months		Speed measurement		O.K.	Pedelec travelling 10% too fast/slow	Take pedelec out of service until the source of the error is found
Cabling	6 months	Visual inspection			O.K.	Failure in system, damage, kinked cables	New cabling
Battery mount	6 months	Firmly in position, lock, contacts	Functional check		O.K.	Loose; lock doesn't close, no contacts	New battery mount
Motor	6 months	Visual inspection and mount			O.K.	Damage, loose	Refasten motor, contact motor manufacturer, new motor; take out of service
Software	6 months	Check version			In latest version	Not latest version	Import update

Components	Descrip	otion		Criteria	Measures if rejected	
	Assembly/inspection	Tests	Accept- ance	Rejection		
Brake system	6 months	Functional check	O.K.	No full braking; braking distance too long	Locate defective part in brake system and correct	
Gear shift under operating load	6 months	Functional check	O.K.	Problems when shifting gear	Readjust gear shift	
Suspension components (fork, shock absorber, seat post)	6 months	Functional check	O.K.	Suspension too deep or no longer exists	Locate defective component and correct	
Electric drive	6 months	Functional check	O.K.	Loose connection, problems when riding, accelerate	Locate defective part in electric drive and correct	
Light system	6 months	Functional check	O.K.	No continuous light, too bright	Locate defective part in light system and correct	
Test ride	6 months	Functional check	No strange noises	Strange noises	Locate source of noise and correct	
	Date:					
Fit	ter's name:					
Final inspection by	y workshop manager					
Notes						

Notes	

12 Glossary

Brake lever

Source: EN 15194:2017: lever used to apply the

brake.

Braking distance

Source: EN 15194:2017: distance travelled by a pedelec between the commencement of braking and the point at which the pedelec comes to rest.

Cargo bike

Source: DIN 79010: bicycle mainly designed to carry goods.

CE marking

Source: Directive 2006/42/EC on Machinery: the manufacturer uses the CE marking to declare that the Pedelec complies with the applicable requirements.

City and trekking bicycles

Source: EN-ISO 4210 - 2: pedelec designed for use on public roads primarily for means of transportation or leisure.

Consumables

Source: EN 82079-1: any part or material that is necessary for continued use or maintenance of the product.

Decommissioning

Source: DIN 31051: intentional, unlimited interruption in an object's functional capability.

Disc brake

Source: EN 15194:2017: brake in which brake pads are used to grip the lateral faces of a thin disc attached to or incorporated in the wheel hub.

Drive belt

Source: EN 15194:2017: seamless ring belt which is used as a means of transmitting motive force.

Electrical control system

Source: EN 15194:2017: electronic and/or electrical component, or an assembly of components provided for installation into a vehicle, together with all electrical connections and associated wiring for the motor electrical power assistance.

Electrically power assisted cycle, pedelec

Source: EN 15194:2017: electrically power assisted cycle, equipped with pedals and an auxiliary electric motor, which cannot be propelled exclusively by means of the auxiliary electric motor, except in start-up assistance mode.

Fault

Source: EN 13306:2018-02, 6.1: state of an item (4.2.1) characterized by inability to perform a required function (4.5.1), excluding the inability during preventive maintenance or other planned actions, or due to lack of external resources.

Folding bicycle

Source: EN-ISO 4210-2: bicycle designed to fold into a compact form, facilitating transport and storage.

Fork steerer

Source: EN 15194:2017: part of a fork that rotates about the steering axis of a bicycle frame head tube. It is normally connected to the fork crown or directly to the fork legs, and is normally the point of connection between the fork and the handlebar stem.

Fracture

Source: EN 15194:2017: unintentional separation into two or more parts.

Instruction handbook

Source: ISO/FDIS 20607:2018: part of the user information that machine manufacturers provide to machine operators; it contains guidance, instructions and tips related to the use of the machine in all its life cycle phases.

Maintenance

Source: DIN 31051: maintenance is generally performed at regular intervals and often carried out by trained technical staff. This ensures a maximum service life and low wear and tear for the maintained items. Proper maintenance is often also a pre-requisite for providing a warranty.

Maximum continuous power

Source: ZEG: the maximum continuous power is the maximum power for the electric motor output shaft during 30 minutes.

Maximum saddle height

Source: EN 15194:2017: vertical distance from the ground to the point where the top of the seat surface is intersected by the seat-post axis, measured with the saddle in a horizontal position and with the seat-post set to the minimum insertion-depth mark.

Maximum tyre pressure

Source: EN 15194:2017: maximum tyre pressure recommended by the tyre or rim manufacturer for a safe and efficient performance. If the rim and tyre both indicate a maximum tyre pressure, the maximum inflation pressure is the lower of the two pressures indicated.

Minimum insertion depth mark

Source: EN 15194:2017: mark indicating the minimum insertion-depth of handlebar stem into fork steerer (fork stem) or seat post into frame.

Model year

Source: ZEG: the model year refers to the first production year that the series-manufactured pedelec was manufactured in the version in question and is not always identical with the year of manufacture. The year of manufacture may be before the model year in some cases. If no technical modifications are introduced to the series, production may continue of pedelecs from a previous model year.

Mountain bike

Source: EN-ISO 4210-2: bicycle designed for use off-road on rough terrain, on public roads, and on public pathways, equipped with a suitably strengthened frame and other components, and, typically, with wide-section tyres with coarse tread patterns and a wide range of transmission gears.

Off-road rough terrain

Source: EN 15194:2017: coarse pebble tracks, forest trails, and other general off-road tracks where tree roots and rocks are likely to be encountered.

Permitted total weight

Source: EN 15194:2017: weight of the fully assembled pedelec plus the rider and baggage, as specified by the manufacturer.

Quick-release device, quick release

Source: EN 15194:2017: lever actuated mechanism that connects, retains or secures a wheel or any other component.

Racing bicycle

Source: EN-ISO 4210-2: bicycle intended for highspeed amateur use on public roads having a steering assembly with multiple grip positions allowing for an aerodynamic posture, a multispeed transmission system, tyre width not greater than 28 mm and a maximum mass of 12 kg for the fully assembled bicycle.

Seat post

Source: EN 15194:2017: component that clamps the saddle (with a bolt or assembly) and connects it with the frame.

Shut-off speed

Source: EN 15194:2017: speed reached, by the pedelec, at the moment the current has dropped to zero or to the no load current value.

Spare part

Source: EN 13306:2018-02, 3.5: item intended to replace a corresponding item in order to retain or maintain the original required function of the item.

Suspension fork

Source: EN 15194:2017: front fork incorporating controlled, axial flexibility to reduce the transmission of road-shocks to the rider.

Suspension frame

Source: EN 15194:2017: frame incorporating controlled, vertical flexibility to reduce the transmission of road-shocks to the rider.

Type number

Source: ZEG: all pedelec models have an eightdigit type number which is used to specify the design model year, the type of pedelec and the version.

Wear

Source: DIN 31051: reduction in useful life (4.3.4), caused by chemical and/or physical processes.

Weight of ready-to-ride bicycle

Source: ZEG: the indicated weight for a ready-toride bicycle refers to the weight of a pedelec at the time of sale. The weight of each additional accessory must be added to this weight.

Wheel

Source: EN 15194:2017: assembly or combination of hub, spokes or disc, and rim, but excluding tyre assembly.

Work environment

Source: EN ISO 9000:2015: set of conditions under which work is performed.

Year of manufacture

Source: ZEG: the year of manufacture is the year in which the Pedelec was manufactured. The production period is always from August to July of the following year.

Young adult bicycle

Source: EN-ISO 4210-2: bicycle designed for use on public roads by a young adult whose weight is less than 40 kg, with maximum saddle height of 635 mm or more and less than 750 mm. (see ISO 4210).

12.1 Abbreviations

ABS anti-blocking system

ECP electronic cell protection

12.2 Simplified terms

The following terms are used for better legibility:

Term	Meaning
Operating instructions	Original operating instructions
Motor	Drive motor, sub-system

Table 39: Simplified terms

13 Appendix

I. Translation of the original EC/EU Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer

Authorised representative for documentation*

ZEG Zweirad-Einkaufs-Genossenschaft eG Longericher Strasse 2 50739 Köln, Germany Janine Otto c/o ZEG Zweirad-Einkaufs-Genossenschaft eG Longericher Strasse 2 50739 Köln, Germany

The machine, pedelec types:

21-21-1003	Sonic ENS2 Carbon	Mountain bike
21-21-1004	Sonic ENS1 Carbon	Mountain bike
21-21-1063	Sonic AMSL Carbon	Mountain bike
21-21-1069	Sonic AMS2 Carbon	Mountain bike
21-21-1070	Sonic AMS1 Carbon	Mountain bike

Year of manufacture 2020 and year of manufacture 2021, complies with the following applicable EU provisions:

- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC
- RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU.

The safety objectives in the Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU have been met in compliance with Appendix I, No. 1.5.1 of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

The following harmonised standards have been applied:

- ISO 20607:2018 Safety machinery Instruction handbook General drafting principles
- EN 15194:2017, Cycles Electrically power assisted cycles EPAC Bicycles

The following other technical standards have been applied:

• EN 11243:2016, Cycles – Luggage carriers for bicycles – Requirements and test methods



Cologne, 29/07/2020

Egbert Hageböck, Chairman, ZEG Zweirad-Einkaufs-Genossenschaft eG

* Community member who is authorised to compile the technical documentation

RED Declaration of Conformity II.

MODEL: SC-EM800 RI-7H90D-000

Regional regulatory information

■ Europe



Българин [Bulgarian]	С настоящото SHIMANO INC. декларира, че този тип радиосъоръжение SC-EM800 е в съответствие с Директива 2014/53/EC.		
	Цялостният текст на ЕС декларацията за съответствие може да се намери на следния интернет адрес: http://si.shimano.com		
Česky [Czech]	Timto SHIMANO INC. prohlašuje, že typ rádiového zařízení SC-EM800 je v souladu se směrnicí 2014/53/EU. Úplné znění EU prohlášení o shodě je k dispozicí na této internetové adrese: http://si.shimano.com		
Dansk [Danish]	Hermed erklærer SHIMANO INC., at radioudstyrstypen SC-EM800 er i overensstemmelse med direktiv 2014/53/EU.		
	EU-overensstemmelseserklæringens fulde tekst kan findes på følgende internetadresse: http://si.shimano.com		
Deutsch [German]	Hiermit erklärt SHIMANO INC., dass der Funkanlagentyp SC-EM800 der Richtlinie 2014/53/EU entspricht.		
	Der vollständige Text der EU-Konformitätserklärung ist unter der folgenden Internetadresse verfügbar: http://si.shimano.com		
Eesti [Estonian]	Käesolevaga deklareerib SHIMANO INC., et käesolev raadioseadme tüüp SC-EM800 vastab direktiivi 2014/53/EL nõuetele.		
	ELi vastavusdeklaratsiooni täielik tekst on kättesaadav järgmisel internetiaadressil: http://si.shimano.com		
English	Hereby, SHIMANO INC. declares that the radio equipment type SC-EM800 is in compliance with Directive 2014/53/EU.		
	The full text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following internet address: http://si.shimano.com		
Español [Spanish]	Por la presente, SHIMANO INC. declara que el tipo de equipo radioeléctrico SC-EM800 es conforme con la Directiva 2014/53/UE.		
	El texto completo de la declaración UE de conformidad está disponible en la dirección Internet siguiente: http://si.shimano.com		
Ελληνική [Greek]	Με την παρούσα ο/η SHIMANO INC., δηλώνει ότι ο ραδιοεξοπλισμός SC-EM800 πληροί την οδηγία 2014/53/ΕΕ.		
	Το πλήρες κείμενο της δήλωσης συμμόρφωσης ΕΕ διατίθεται στην ακόλουθη ιστοσελίδα στο διαδίκτυο: http://si.shimano.com		
Français [French]	Le soussigné, SHIMANO INC., déclare que l'équipement radioélectrique du type SC-EM800 est conforme à la directive 2014/53/UE.		
. ,	Le texte complet de la déclaration UE de conformité est disponible à l'adresse internet suivante: http://si.shimano.com		
Hrvatski [Croatian]	SHIMANO INC. ovime izjavljuje da je radijska oprema tipa SC-EM800 u skladu s Direktivom 2014/53/EU.		
TH VOLSKI (Croudium)	Cjeloviti tekst EU izjave o sukladnosti dostupan je na sljedećoj internetskoj adresi: http://si.shimano.com		
Italiano [Italian]	Il fabbricante, SHIMANO INC., dichiara che il tipo di apparecchiatura radio SC-EM800 è conforme alla direttiva 2014/53/UE.		
italiano (italian)	Il testo completo della dichiarazione di conformità UE e disponibile al seguente indirizzo Internet: http://si.shimano.com		
Latviski [Latvian]	Ar šo SHIMANO INC. deklarē, ka radioiekārta SC-EM800 atbilst Direktīvai 2014/53/ES.		
Latviski (Latvian)	Pilns ES atbilstibas deklarācijas teksts ir pieejams šādā interneta vietnē: http://si.shimano.com		
	·		
Lietuvių [Lithuanian]	Aš, SHIMANO INC., patvirtinu, kad radijo įrenginių tipas SC-EM800 atitinka Direktyvą 2014/53/ES. Visas ES atitikties deklaracijos tekstas prieinamas šiuo interneto adresu: http://si.shimano.com		
Nederlands [Dutch]	Hierbij verklaar ik, SHIMANO INC., dat het type radioapparatuur SC-EM800 conform is met Richtlijn 2014/53/EU.		
	De volledige tekst van de EU-conformiteitsverklaring kan worden geraadpleegd op het volgende internetadres: http://si.shimano.com		
Malti [Maltese]	B'dan, SHIMANO INC., niddikjara li dan it-tip ta' taghmir tar-radju SC-EM800 huwa konformi mad-Direttiva 2014/53/UE.		
	It-test kollu tad-dikjarazzjoni ta' konformità tal-UE huwa disponibbli f'dan I-indirizz tal-Internet li ģej: http://si.shimano.com		
Magyar [Hungarian]	SHIMANO INC. igazolja, hogy a SC-EM800 típusú rádióberendezés megfelel a 2014/53/EU irányelvnek.		
	Az EU-megfelelőségi nyilatkozat teljes szövege elérhető a következő internetes címen: http://si.shimano.com		
Polski [Polish]	SHIMANO INC. niniejszym oświadcza, że typ urządzenia radiowego SC-EM800 jest zgodny z dyrektywą 2014/53/UE.		
	Pełny tekst deklaracji zgodności UE jest dostępny pod następującym adresem internetowym: http://si.shimano.com		
Português [Portuguese]	O(a) abaixo assinado(a) SHIMANO INC. declara que o presente tipo de equipamento de rádio SC-EM800 está em conformidade com a Diretiva 2014/53/UE.		
,	O texto integral da declaração de conformidade está disponível no seguinte endereço de Internet: http://si.shimano.com		
Român [Romanian]	Prin prezenta, SHIMANO INC. declară că tipul de echipamente radio SC-EM800 este în conformitate cu Directiva 2014/53/UE.		
,	Textul integral al declarației UE de conformitate este disponibil la următoarea adresă internet: http://si.shimano.com		
Slovensko [Slovenian]	SHIMANO INC. potrjuje, da je tip radijske opreme SC-EM800 skladen z Direktivo 2014/53/EU.		
Sieveriske (Sieverian)	Sclotno besedilo izjave EU o skladnosti je na voljo na naslednjem spletnem naslovu: http://si.shimano.com		
Slovensky [Slovak]	SHIMANO INC. týmto vyhlasuje, že rádiové zariadenie typu SC-EM800 je v súlade so smernicou 2014/53/EÚ.		
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Úplné EÚ vyhlásenie o zhode je k dispozícii na tejto internetovej adrese: http://si.shimano.com		
Suomi [Finnish]	SHIMANO INC. vakuuttaa, että radiolaitetyyppi SC-EM800 on direktiivin 2014/53/EU mukainen.		
	EU-vaatimustenmukaisuusvakuutuksen täysimittainen teksti on saatavilla seuraavassa internetosoitteessa: http://si.shimano.com		
Svenska [Swedish]	Härmed försäkrar SHIMANO INC. att denna typ av radioutrustning SC-EM800 överensstämmer med direktiv 2014/53/EU.		
	Den fullständiga texten till EU-försäkran om överensstämmelse finns på följande webbadress: http://si.shimano.com		
Türkçe [Turkish]	İşburada, SHIMANO INC. SC-EM800 tipi telsiz ekipmanının 2014/53/EU sayılı direktif ile uyumlu olduğunu beyan eder.		
. ,	AB uyumluluk beyanının tam metnini internet sitemizden bulabilirsiniz: http://si.shimano.com		
Norsk [Norwegian]	Herved erklærer SHIMANO INC. at radioutstyret av typen SC-EM800 er i samsvar med EU-direktiv 2014/53/EU.		
	Den fullstendige teksten til EU-konformitetserklæringen er tilgjengelig på følgende internettadresse: http://si.shimano.com		
	Ser raisenage caster at co-konsoniteserateringer et utgjergeng på rørgende internettauresse, rittp://sisminano.com		

■ USA

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



- Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment
- Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
 To maintain compliance with FCCs RF exposure guidelines, use only the supplied antenna. Unauthorized antenna, modification, or attachments could damage the transmitter and may violate FCC regulations. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits sets forth for an uncontrolled environment.
 NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.
 However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

 Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
 Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
 Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
 Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

■ Canada

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standards. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. this device may not cause interference, and

2. this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:

1. l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et

2. l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

■ Japan



★製品には、電波法に基づく小電力データ通信システムの無線局として、工事設計認証を 受けた無線設備を内蔵しています。 SWAN-2: [001-A06159]

■ Singapore

Complies with IMDA Standards DA105949

■ Brazil



00243-16-04304

Fabricado no Japão

Fabricado no Japão
Este produto contém a placa SWAN-2 código de homologação: 00243-16-04304.
Este produto está homologado pela ANATEL, de acordo com os
procedimentos regulamentados pela Resolução 242/2000, e atende
aos requisitos técnicos aplicados.
Para maiores informações, consulte o site da ANATEL:
http://www.anatel.gowbr
Este equipamento opera em caráter secundário, isto é, não tem
direito a proteção contra interferência prejudicial, mesmo de estações
do mesmo tipo, e não pode causar interferência à sistemas operando
em caráter primário.

■ Israel

מספר אישור אלחוטי של משרד התקשורת הוא 51-71673 אסור להחליף את האנטנה המקורית של המכשיר, ולא לעשות בו כל שינוי טכני אחר.

■ Korea



MSIP-CRM-WY7-SWAN-2 R-R-WY7-3A

기기명칭: Cycle Computer 제조연월일 : 포장에 표시. 제조국가 : 중국 인증 받은 자의 상호 : SHIMANO INC.

■ Thailand



เครื่องวิทยุคมนาคมนี้ ได้รับยกเว้น ไม่ต้องได้รับ โบอนุญาตให้มี ใช้ซึ่งเครื่องวิทยุคมนาคม หรือตั้งสถานีวิทยุคมนาคมตามประกาศ กสทช. เรื่อง เครื่องวิทยุคมนาคม และสถานีวิทยุ คมนาคมที่ได้รับยกเว้นไม่ต้องได้รับใบอนุญาต วิทยุคมนาคม ตามพระราชบัญญัติวิทยุ



■ Taiwan

内含發射器模組: CCAH16LP0550T3

商標:SHIMANO

時間は、、、、、 警話 低功率電波輻射性電機管理辦法 第十一條 經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機・非經許可, 公司、商財或使用者均不得值自變更頻率、 加大功率或變度原設計之特性及功能。

低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾 合法通信:經發現有干擾現象時,應立即停用, 並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。

前項合法通信,指依電信法規定作業之無線電 通信。低功率射頻電機須忍受合法通信或工業 科學及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。

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